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## Report No. 331

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### COLLECTION OF WIND-TUNNEL DATA ON COMMONLY USED WING SECTIONS

By F. A. LOUDEN  
Bureau of Aeronautics  
Navy Department



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### SUMMARY

*This report was prepared at the request of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics in the Bureau of Aeronautics of the Navy Department in order to group in a uniform manner the aerodynamic properties of commonly used wing sections as determined from tests in various wind tunnels.*

*The data have been collected from reports of a number of laboratories. Where necessary, transformation has been made to the absolute system of coefficients and tunnel wall interference corrections have been applied. Tables and graphs present the data in the various forms useful to the engineer in the selection of a wing section.*

### INTRODUCTION

The wing sections most commonly used in this country are the Clark Y, Clark Y-15, Gottingen G-387, G-398, G-436, N. A. C. A. M-6, M-12, Navy N-9, N-10, N-22, R. A. F.-15, Sloane, U. S. A.-27, U. S. A.-35A, U. S. A.-35B. Data were obtained from References 1 to 14 on all of these airfoils that had been tested in the following wind tunnels:

- Large wind tunnel, Göttingen Laboratory.
- Variable density wind tunnel, Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory.
- 7½-foot wind tunnel, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
- 5-foot wind tunnel, McCook Field.
- 8-by-8-foot wind tunnel, Washington Navy Yard.

Some of the airfoils selected had been tested in as many as four of the five tunnels, others in only one of the tunnels.

The results obtained in the different laboratories are not directly comparable, because of the differences in the methods of testing; in the ordinates, size, and aspect ratio of the models tested and in the test speed. The purpose of this report is not to compare results from different laboratories but to present the data in a uniform manner and to compare different wing sections tested in the same laboratory at the same Reynolds Number.

In the individual laboratory reports, the data in some cases were presented in engineering rather than absolute coefficients; in most cases, the tunnel wall interference corrections had not been applied; for some tests the center of pressure had not been determined; the moment coefficient was given with respect to various axes; the data were presented by some laboratories in polar diagrams and by others in angle-of-attack graphs.

In the present report the collected data have been corrected for tunnel wall interference, the absolute system of coefficients is used, and the data are plotted and tabulated in various forms for the convenience of the engineer.

### ABSOLUTE SYSTEM OF COEFFICIENTS

The absolute lift and drag coefficients  $C_L$  and  $C_D$  are defined by dividing the lift  $L$  and the drag  $D$  by the dynamic pressure  $q = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2$  and the wing area  $S$ .

$$C_L = L/qS \quad C_D = D/qS.$$

The absolute moment coefficient  $C_M$  is the moment  $M$  about the leading edge divided by  $qS$  times the chord length  $c$  and is positive when the moment tends to make the leading edge rise.

$$C_M = M/qSc.$$

The center of pressure coefficient  $C_p$  is the fraction of the chord length along the chord from the leading edge to the line of action of the resultant force. This distance is equal to the moment coefficient divided by the normal force coefficient  $C_N$ .

$$C_p = C.P./c = C_M/C_N$$

where  $C_N = C_L \cos \alpha + C_D \sin \alpha$ .

The induced drag coefficient  $C_{D_i}$  is equal to  $C_L^2$  divided by  $\pi$  times the aspect ratio.

$$C_{D_i} = C_L^2/\pi A.R. = C_L^2 S/\pi b^2$$

where  $b$  is the span.

The profile drag coefficient  $C_{D_0}$  is the difference between the coefficients of total drag and induced drag

$$C_{D_0} = C_D - C_{D_i}$$

#### TUNNEL WALL INTERFERENCE CORRECTIONS

A large share of the data taken from References 1 to 14 had not been corrected for tunnel wall interference. The following Prandtl corrections have been applied where necessary:

$$\Delta \alpha = \delta \frac{C_L S}{A} \text{ radians} \quad \Delta C_D = \delta \frac{C_L^2 S}{A}.$$

$A$  is the cross-sectional tunnel area and  $\delta$  is equal to 0.125 for a tunnel having a circular cross section. For a tunnel of square cross section, Glauert has shown that  $\delta$  increases to 0.137.

#### ORDINATES OF THE AIRFOILS

Table I gives the general shape of the various wing sections. The faired ordinates used by the Bureau of Aeronautics have been given and are called the specified ordinates. These ordinates may be slightly different from those in general use as exact specifications for the various sections do not exist. For this reason, a wing section at one laboratory might be expected to vary to some extent from the same section at another laboratory. The variation becomes greater in the measured ordinates due to the different materials used in airfoil construction and different methods of measuring the ordinates.

The maximum thickness of the airfoils and their thickness for front and rear spar depths are given in Table II. Since the spar depths for a wing to be selected are approximately known, a glance at this table will limit the number of wings for further consideration.

#### TEST CONDITIONS

No attempt will be made in this report to describe the various wind tunnels or their methods of testing. Only the conditions for the tests selected will be given.

The Göttingen Laboratory tests were made on 20 by 100 centimeter ( $7.874 \times 39.37$  inches) models at a test speed of 30 meters (98.4 feet) per second. This gives a test  $Vl$  of 64.58 square feet per second, where  $l$  is taken as the chord length. Since the elements of air density and viscosity were not determined, the exact Reynolds Number of the tests is not known. Assuming air of standard density  $\rho$  and the coefficient of viscosity  $\mu$  at standard temperature,  $\rho/\mu = 6,378$  sq.ft./sec., and the approximate Reynolds Number  $\rho Vl/\mu$  is 412,000.

The Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory (L. M. A. L.) tests were made on 5 by 30 inch models at a test speed of approximately 76 feet per second. Tests on most of the models were made at several pressures, but only the tests at a pressure of about 20 atmospheres are considered here. The average Reynolds Number for each test was determined and is in the neighborhood of 3,600,000 corresponding to full-scale conditions.

The Massachusetts Institute of Technology (M. I. T.) tests were made on 6 by 36 inch models at a test speed of 40 miles an hour. The test  $V_l$  is 29.33 sq. ft./sec.; approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.

The McCook Field (McC. F.) tests were made on 6 by 36 inch models at various air speeds. Only the tests at 80 miles an hour are considered here, giving a test  $V_l$  of 58.67 sq. ft./sec.; approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.

The Washington Navy Yard (W. N. Y.) tests were made on 5 by 30 inch models at a test speed of 40 miles an hour; test  $V_l$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.; approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.

With the exception of the Göttingen airfoils of aspect ratio 5, all of the models had the normal aspect ratio of 6. The experimental results of the Göttingen tests could be corrected to an aspect ratio of 6, but since the results from the different laboratories are not directly comparable, it was thought best to leave the data in the original form.

#### PRESENTATION OF DATA

The data from the Göttingen tests are given separately for each airfoil in Tables III to VI; L. M. A. L. tests, Tables VII to XIV; M. I. T. tests, Tables XV to XXII; McC. F. tests, Tables XXIII to XXV; W. N. Y. tests, Tables XXVI to XXXVII.

The usual  $C_L$ ,  $C_D$ , and  $C_L/C_D$  versus angle of attack curves for the 15 wing sections are presented in Figures 1 to 15, and a table is inserted on each figure giving the test conditions. It might have been preferable to have plotted the data from each laboratory in one figure but this was not practical on account of the interference in the numerous curves.

In Figures 16 to 30 are plotted the Lilienthal polar diagrams,  $C_D$  and  $C_M$  versus  $C_L$ , together with the induced drag polar curves.

$C_L/C_D$  is replotted against speed ratio  $V/V_s$  in Figures 31 to 45. The center of pressure is also plotted against speed ratio as the curves are approximately straight lines and are easier to read than the usual plots of center of pressure against angle of attack.

Graphs of the profile drag coefficient  $C_{D0}$  versus lift coefficient are presented in Figures 46 to 50. For these graphs it was possible to plot the data from each laboratory in one diagram and therefore the curves in each group are comparable. This same method is followed in Figures 51 to 55 which give the ratio of the faired profile drag coefficient to the maximum lift coefficient plotted against speed ratio.

#### AIRFOIL CHARACTERISTICS AND CRITERIA

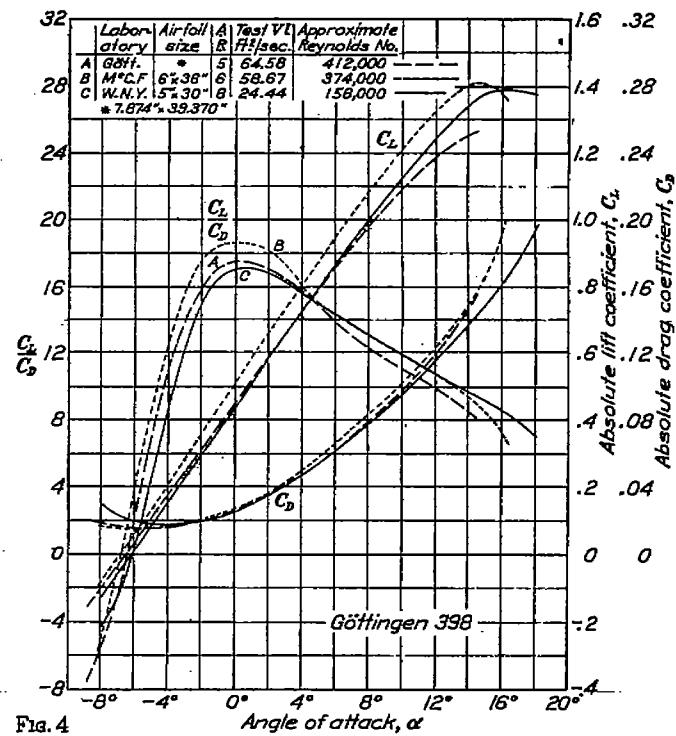
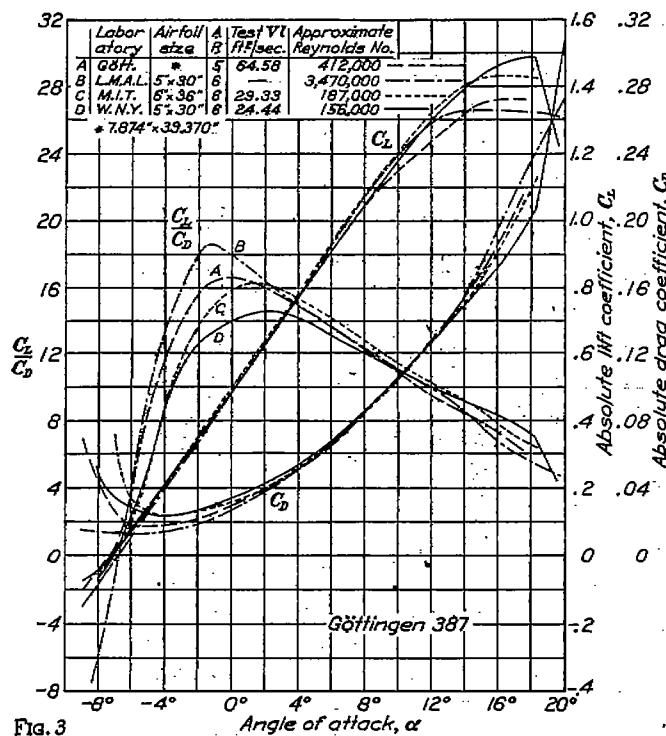
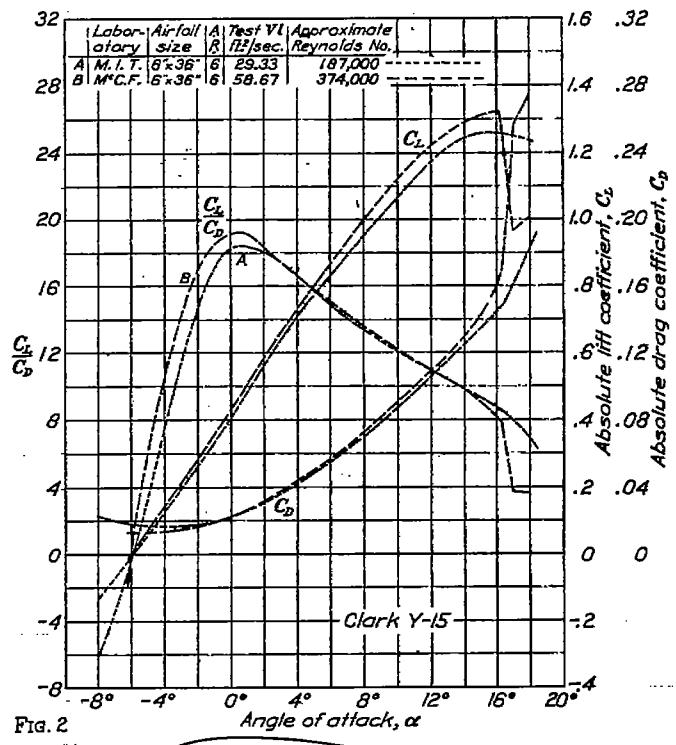
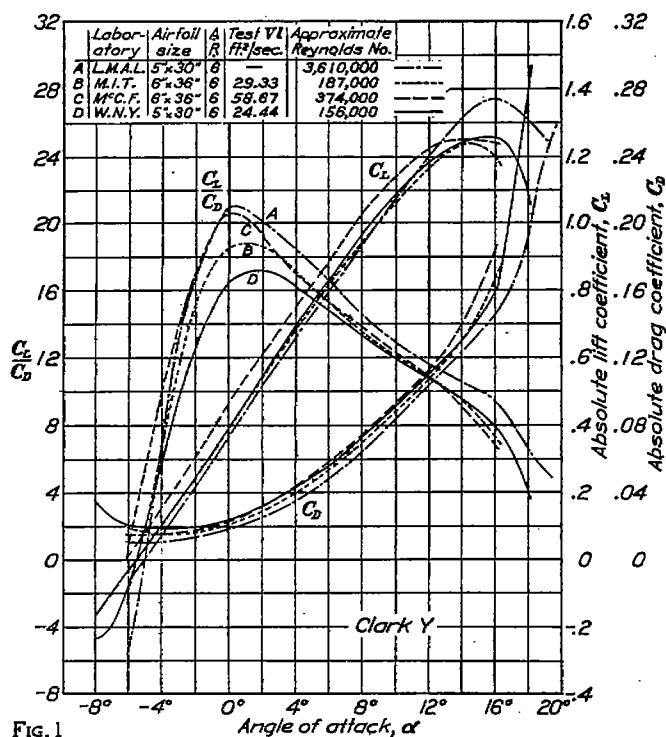
Various characteristic values and criteria for the wing sections derivable from the data and graphs are tabulated in Tables XXXVIII to XLIX. When convenient, the tabulation of the criteria are made with respect to the merit of the wing section and a note to that effect is under the heading to the table.

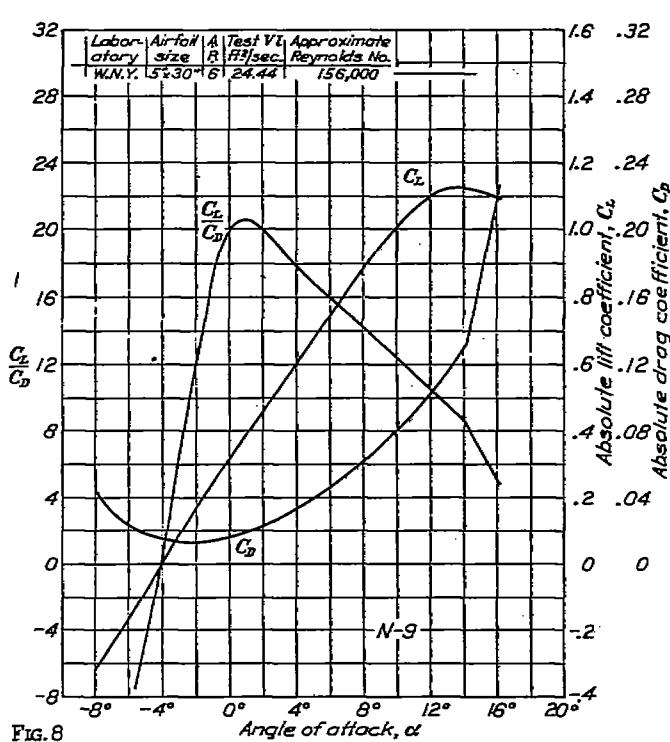
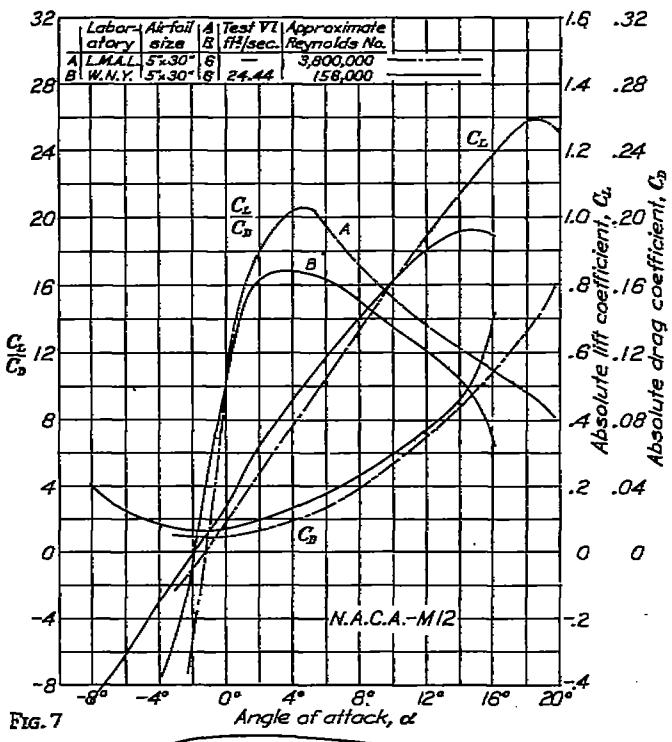
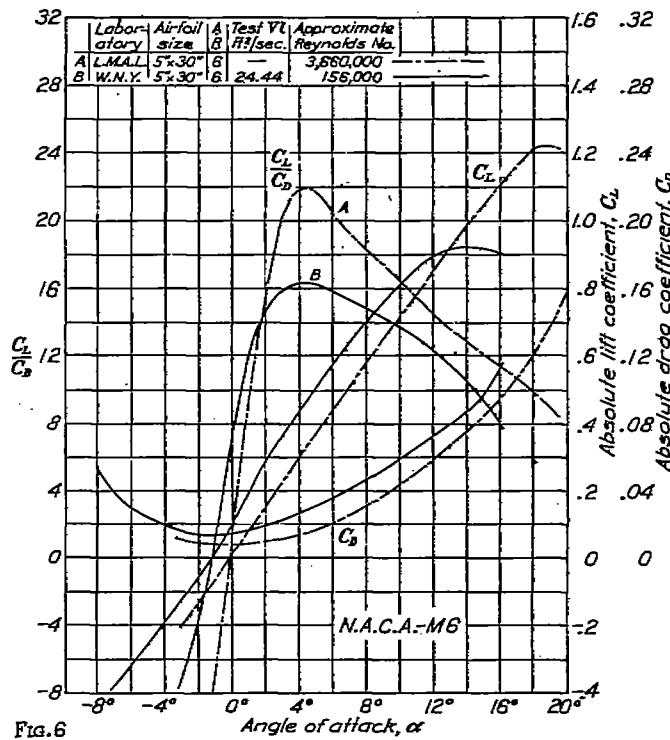
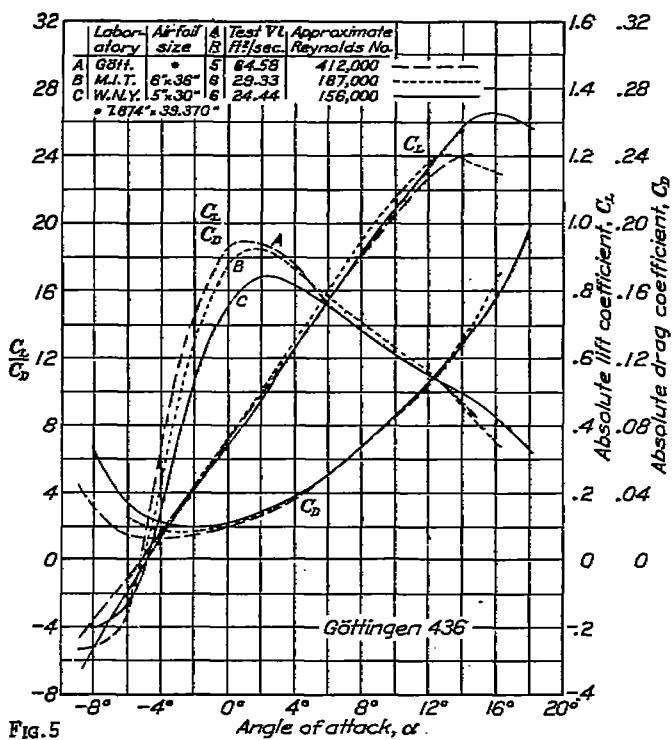
The above-mentioned tables are self-explanatory and derivations of the criteria can be found elsewhere, but a few brief remarks regarding the meaning of some of the criteria appears desirable.

$C_L$  maximum, Table XLI, is the criterion for minimum speed with a given wing loading or if the minimum speed is given, it is the criterion for the load which can be carried per unit area of wing.

The maximum ratio  $C_L/C_D$ , Table XLIII, is well known as a criterion for airfoil efficiency, greatest weight carried for a given thrust. It being also a criterion for maximum speed regardless of minimum, flattest glide, and maximum range. The value of  $C_L$  at maximum  $C_L/C_D$  is also tabulated and should be considered along with the maximum ratio of lift to drag. The ratio of lift to drag is given for various fractions of  $C_L$  maximum in Table XLIV. These data show the effectiveness for speed and climb.

The ratio of  $C_L$  maximum to  $C_D$  minimum, Table XLV, is the criterion for maximum speed with a given minimum. With constant loading,  $(C_L^3/C_D^2)$  maximum, Table XLVI, is an index of minimum power, maximum rate of climb, maximum ceiling, maximum duration; the ratio of  $C_L^3$  maximum to  $C_D^2$  minimum, Table XLVII, is the criterion for maximum speed range. For additional detail on the above-mentioned criteria, the reader is referred to Reference 15.





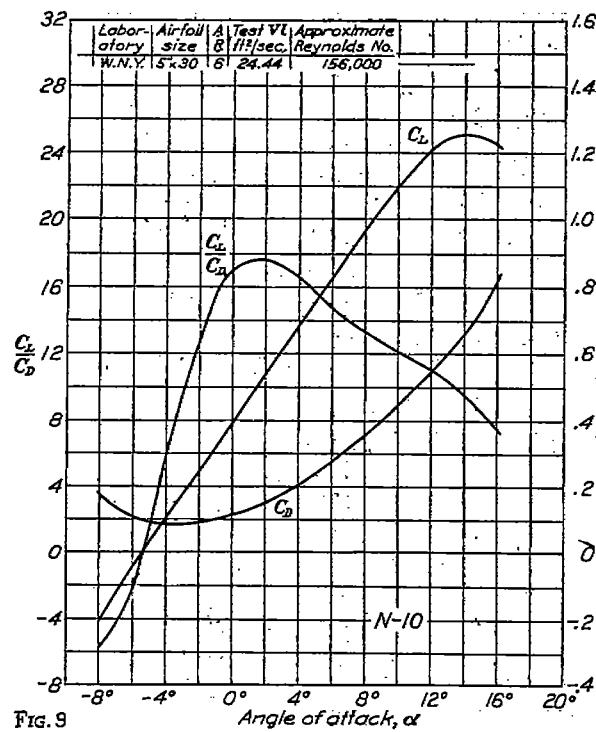


FIG. 9

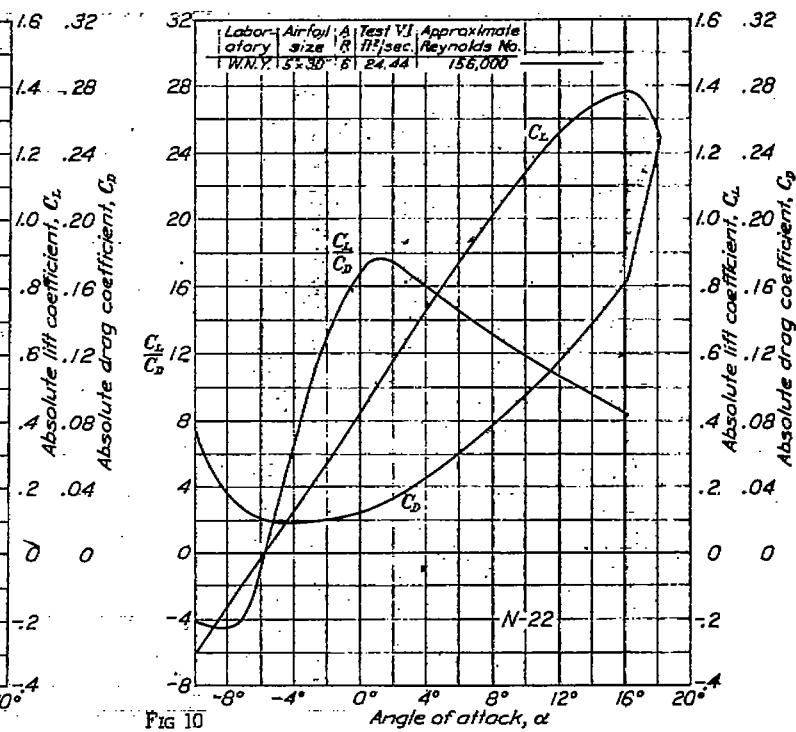


FIG. 10

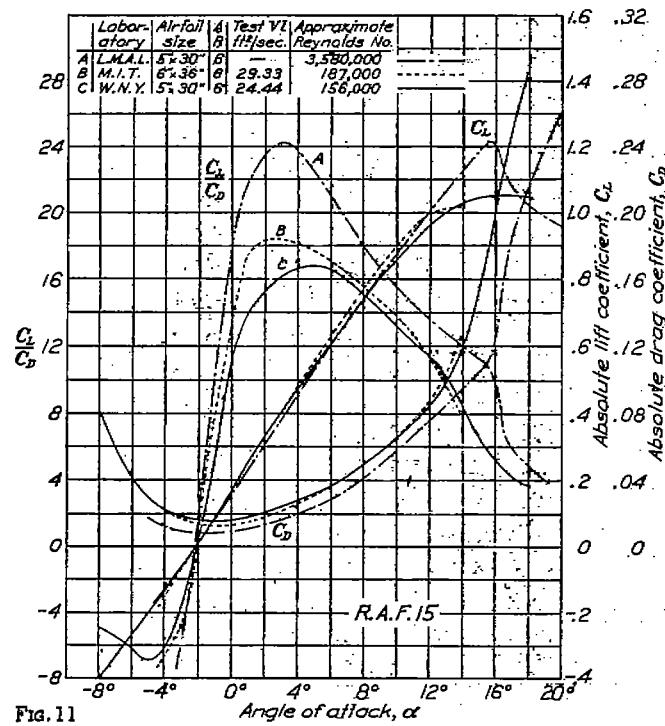


FIG. 11

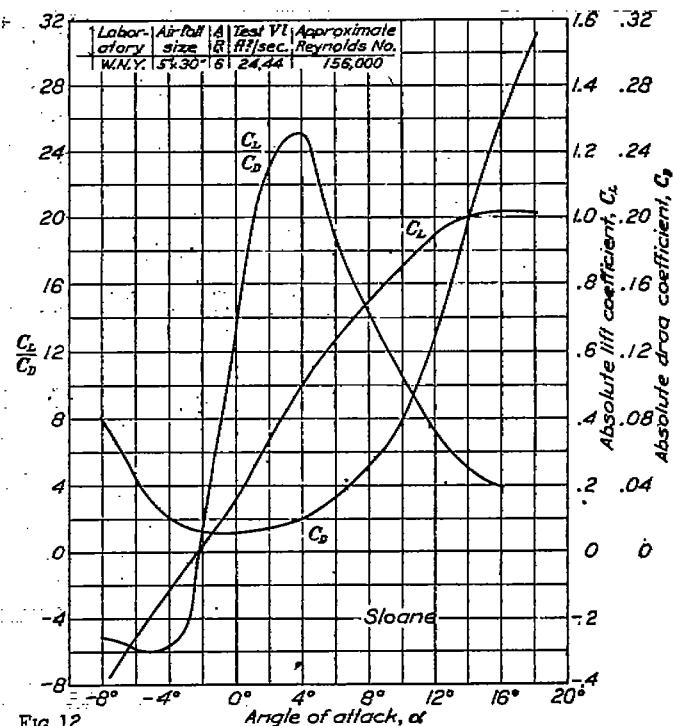


FIG. 12

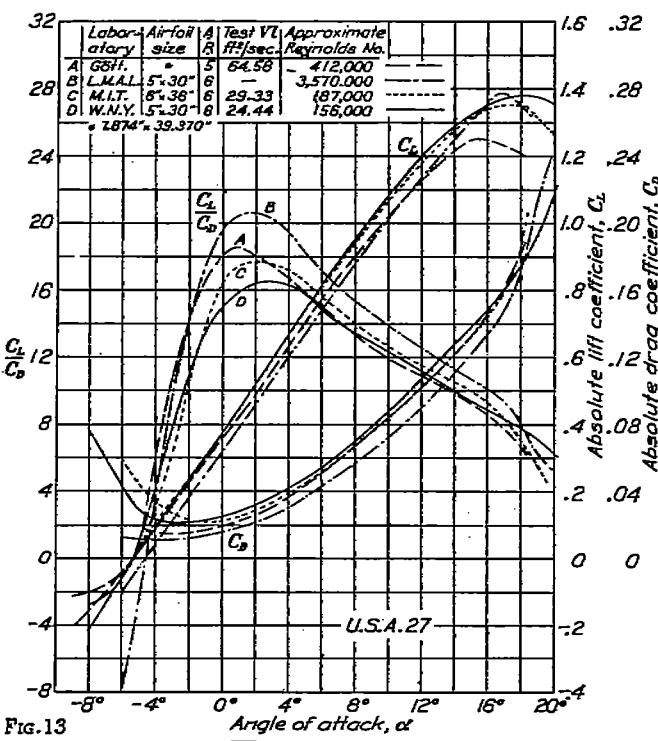


FIG. 13

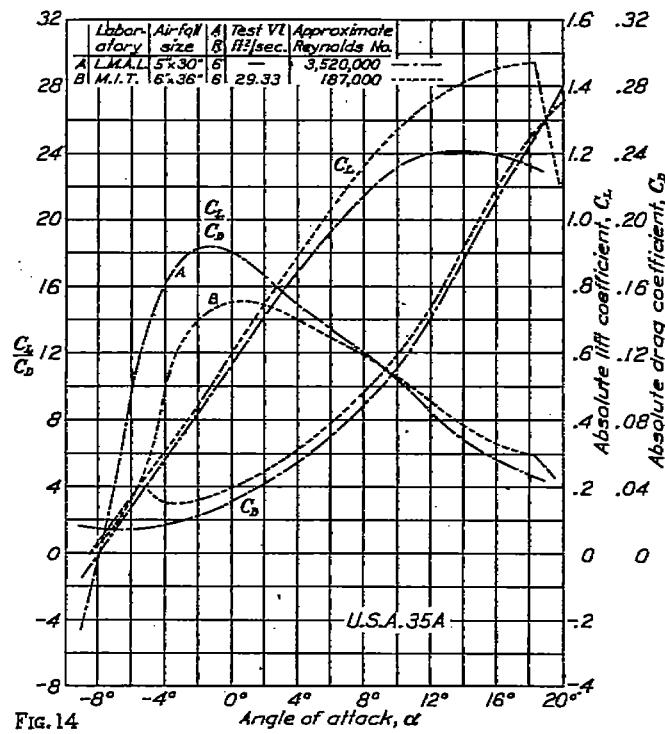


FIG. 14

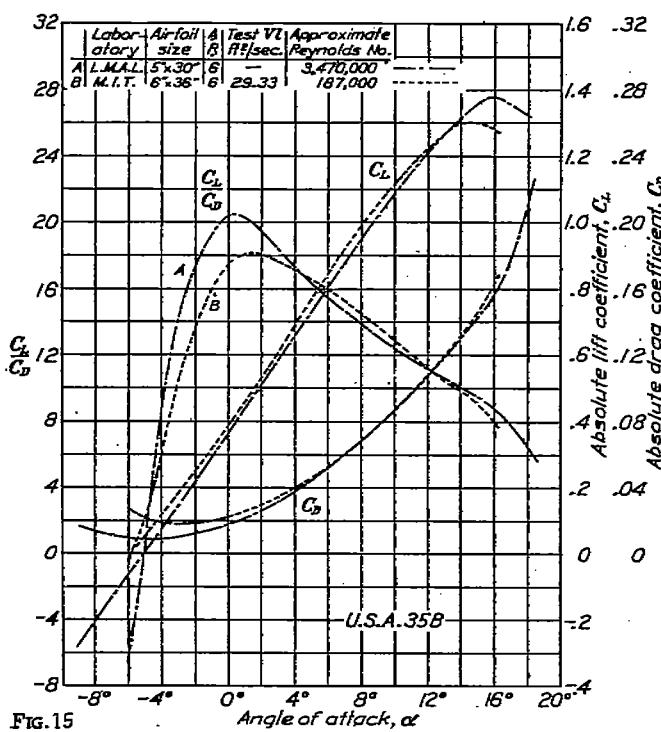


FIG. 15

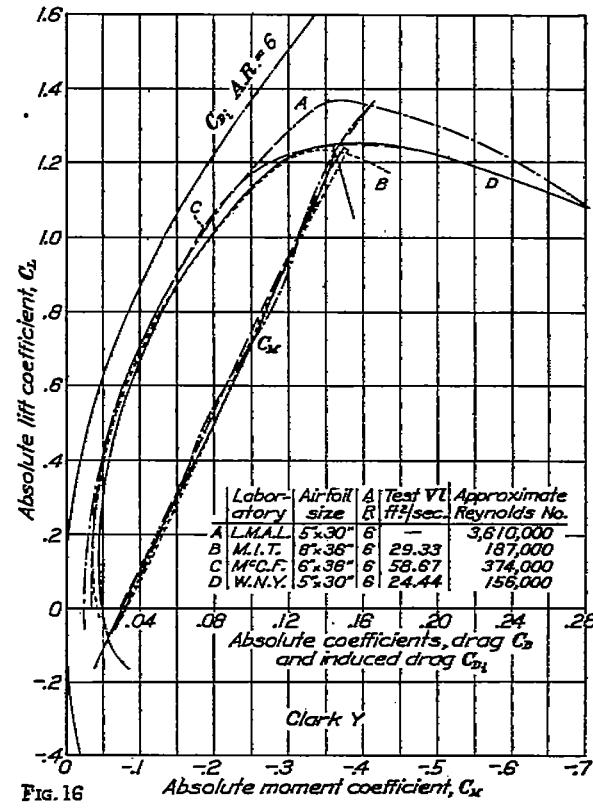


FIG. 16

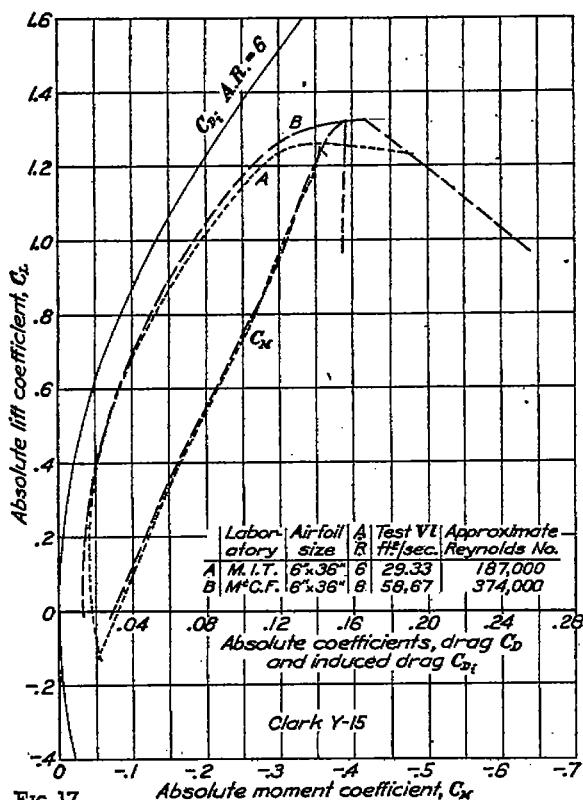


FIG. 17

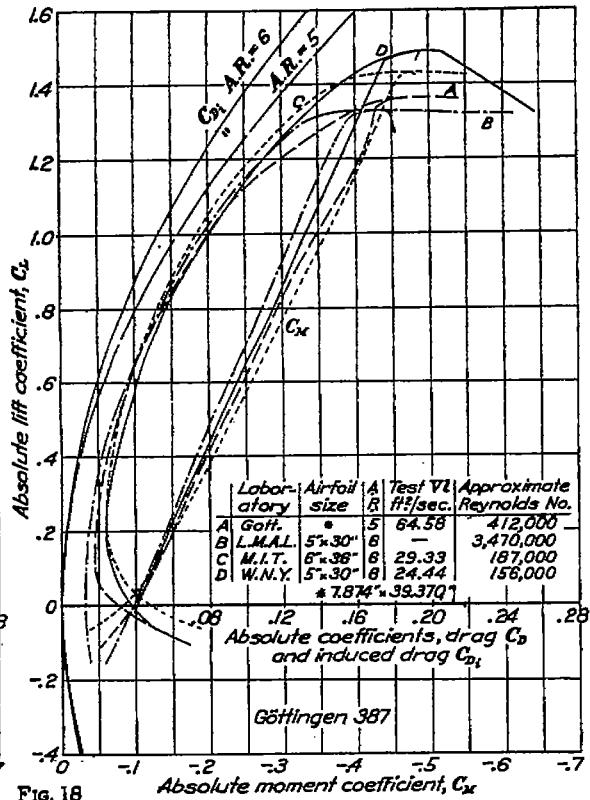
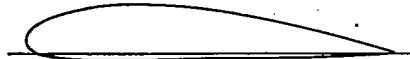


FIG. 18

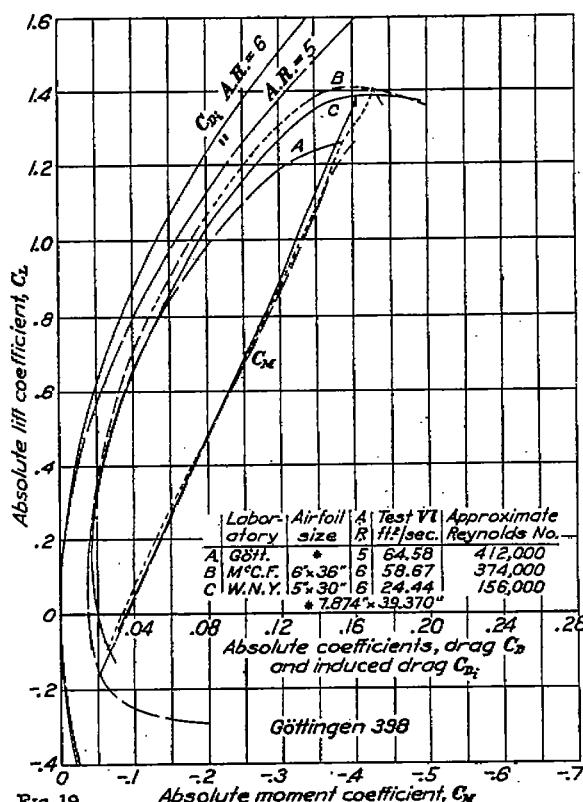


FIG. 19

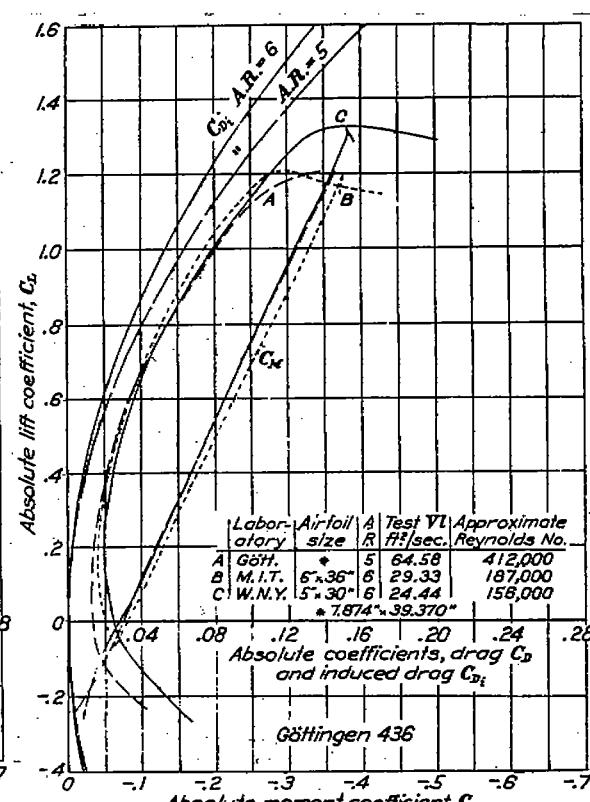
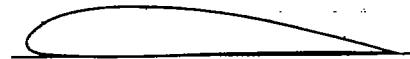


FIG. 20



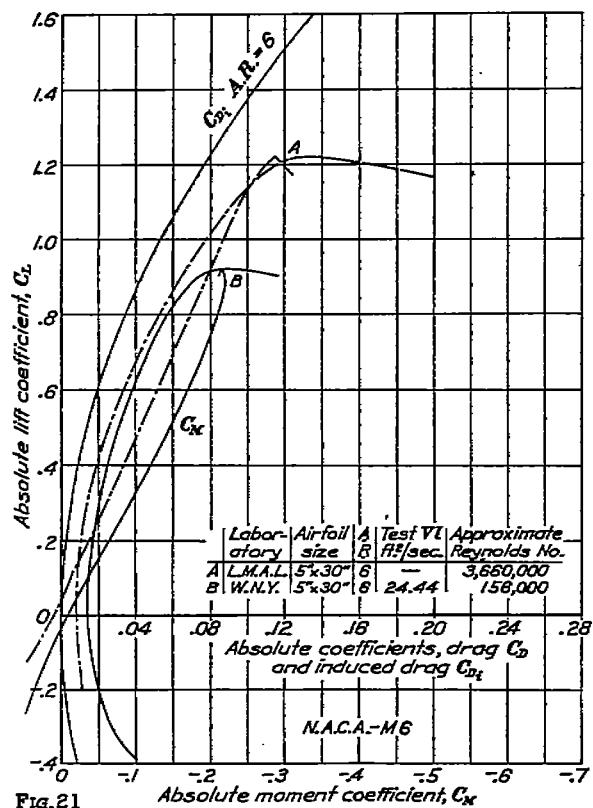


FIG. 21

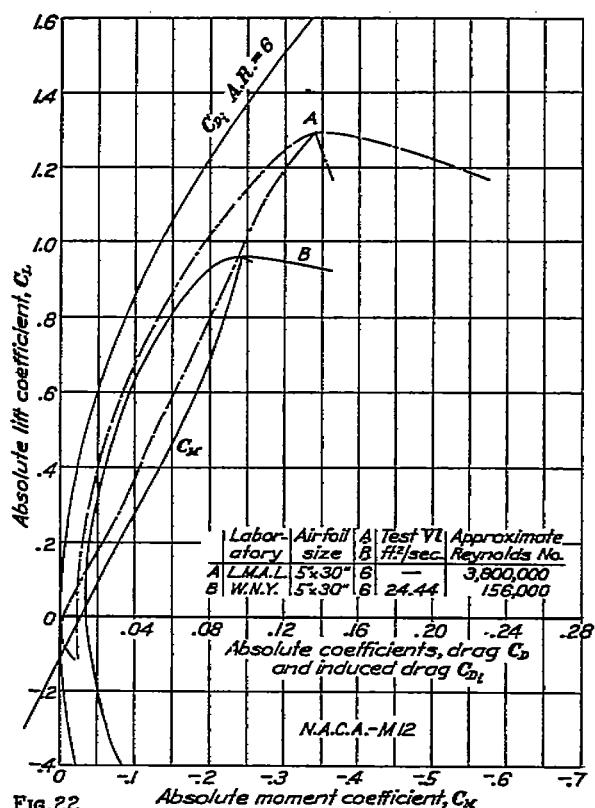


FIG. 22

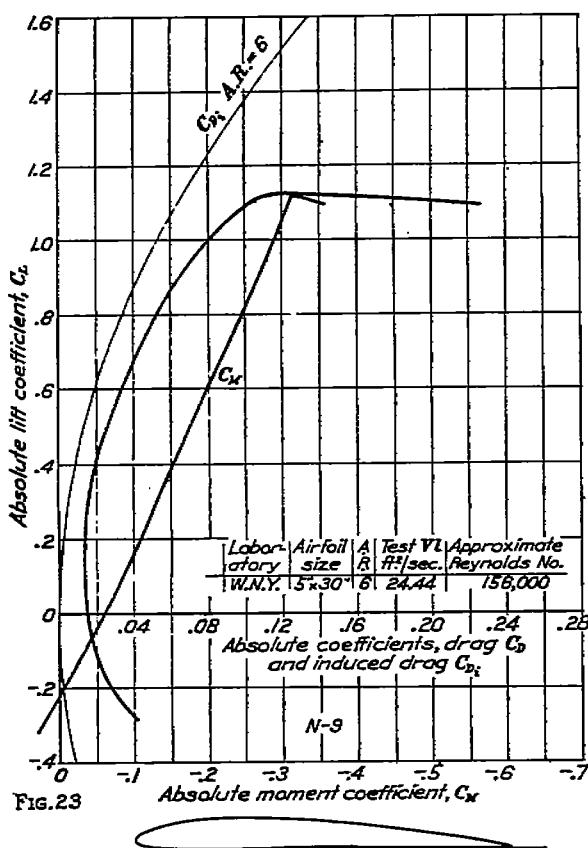


FIG. 23

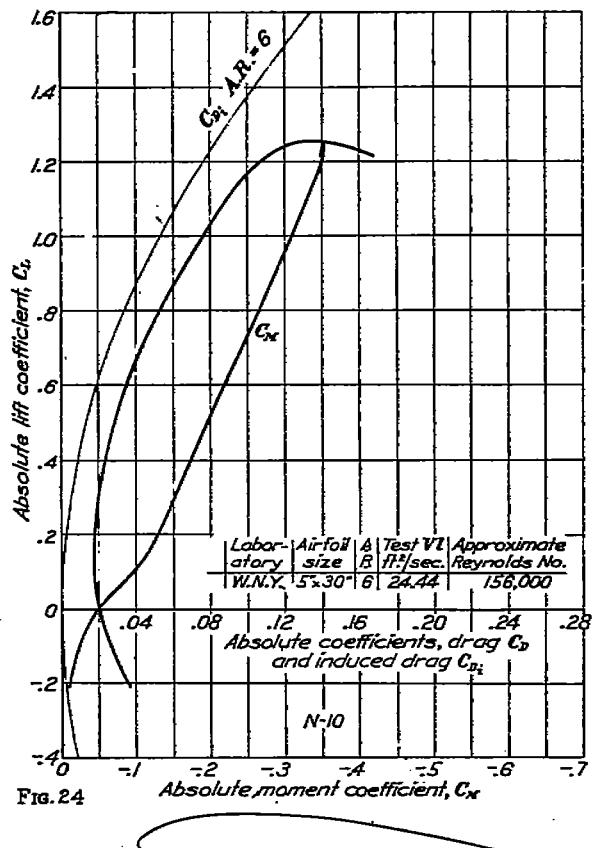


FIG. 24

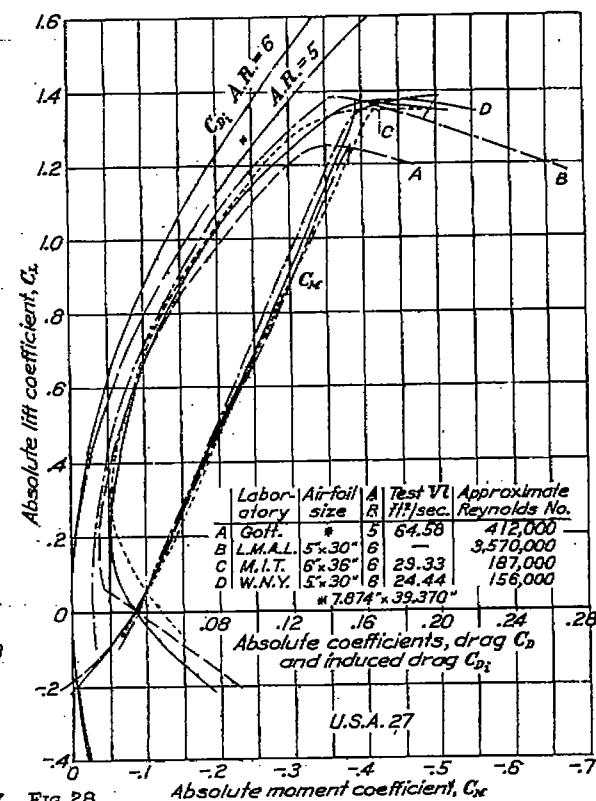
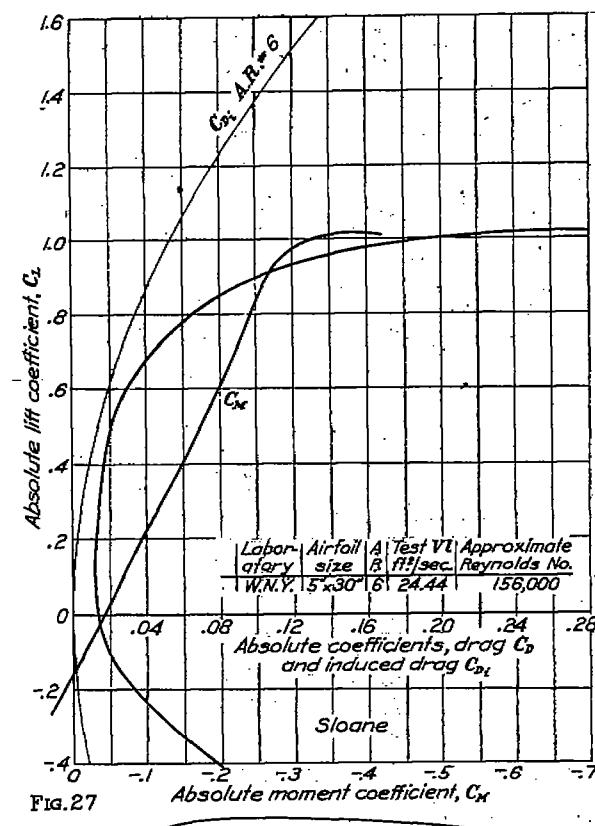
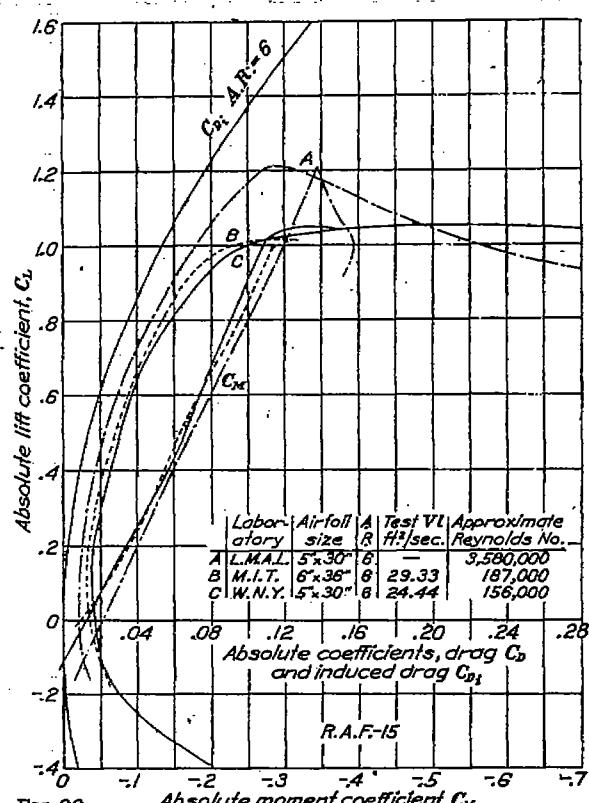
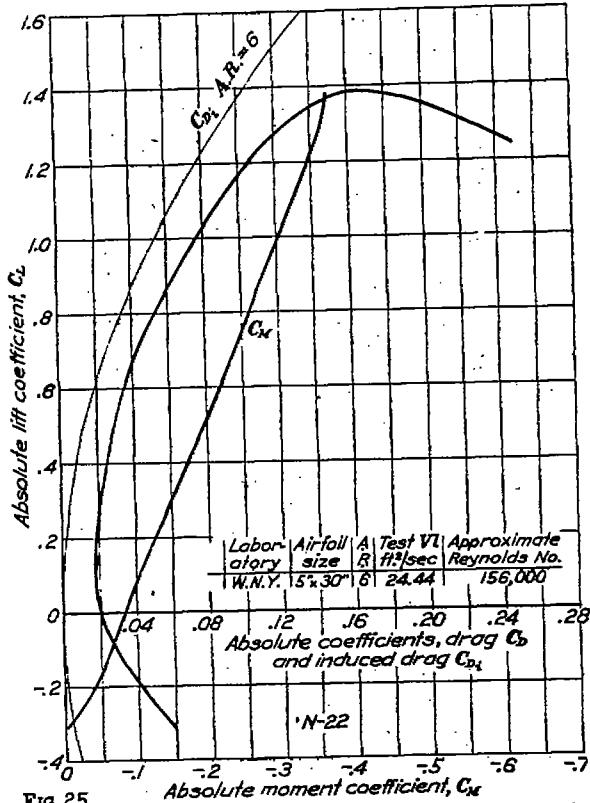


Table XLIX and Figures 51 to 55 compare the data on the basis of total profile drag for constant load and stalling speed. It is shown in Reference 16 that the section selected will vary with major requirements as follows:

*Maximum speed.*—Section having least value of  $C_{D_0}/C_L$  maximum at high speed ratios,  $V/V_s > 2.5$ .

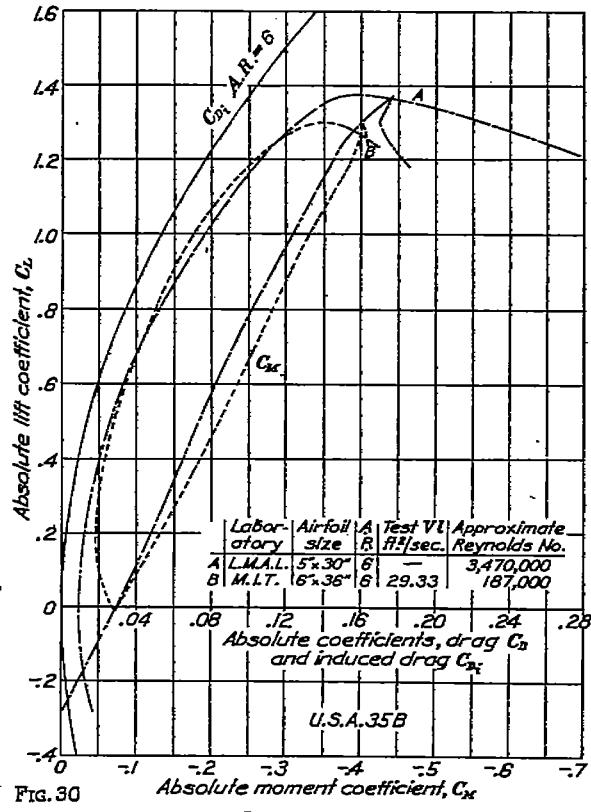
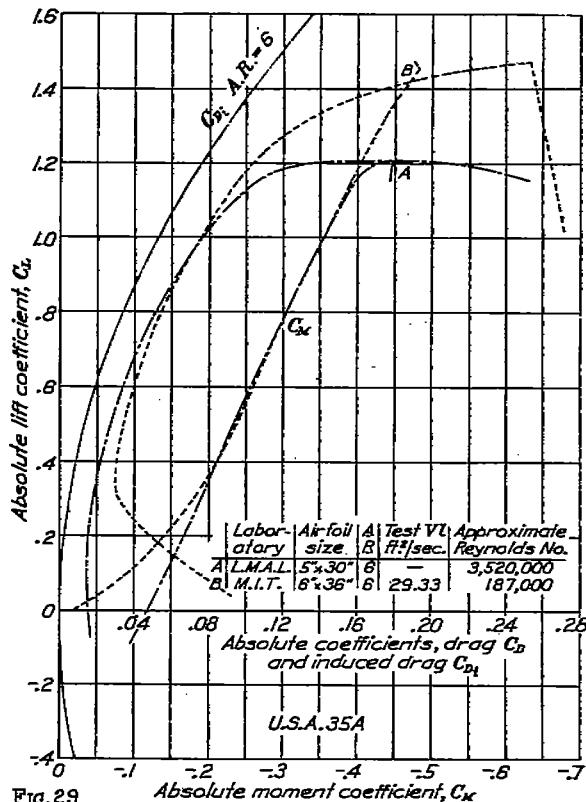
*Maximum climb and ceiling.*—Section having least value of  $C_{D_0}/C_L$  maximum between  $V/V_s = 1.10$  and  $V/V_s = 1.5$ .

*Maximum endurance.*—Section having least value of  $C_{D_0}/C_L$  maximum at  $V/V_s = 1.10$ .

*General performance.*—Section having least average value of  $C_{D_0}/C_L$  maximum at all values of  $V/V_s$ .

#### SCALE EFFECT

The same conclusions regarding scale effect can be drawn from Figures 1 to 30 as have been drawn from previous test data. The following conclusions are quoted from Reference 17:



The scale effects depend on the airfoil section and are in general similar for similar sections.

All airfoil sections may be roughly divided into three general classes as follows:

(a) The highly cambered or very thick section having a very high lift at Reynolds Numbers within the testing range of the average wind tunnel. This class usually shows a decrease in  $C_L$  maximum with increase in Reynolds Number.

(b) The moderately cambered, medium lift section. This class usually has a moderate, and favorable scale effect on  $C_L$  with a fairly low and favorable scale effect on  $C_D$ .

(c) The thin, to moderately thick, double cambered section of low lift at normal test Reynolds Numbers. This class usually shows a large increase in  $C_L$  maximum and a moderate decrease in  $C_D$  minimum with increase in Reynolds Number.

Airfoils such as the G-387 and U. S. A.-35A come in class (a); the R. A. F.-15 and Clark Y in class (b); the M-6 and M-12 in class (c).

#### USE OF THE DATA

The diagrams and tables enable an engineer to make a logical selection of a wing section.

The full-scale data from the L. M. A. L. tests should be used whenever possible since free-flight tests have verified the validity of these data.

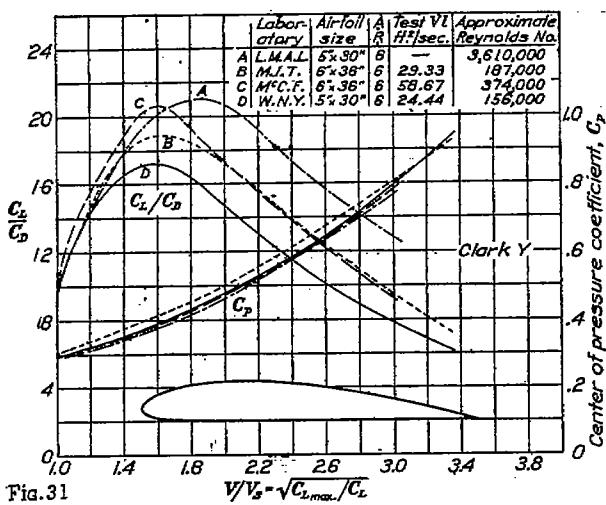


FIG. 31

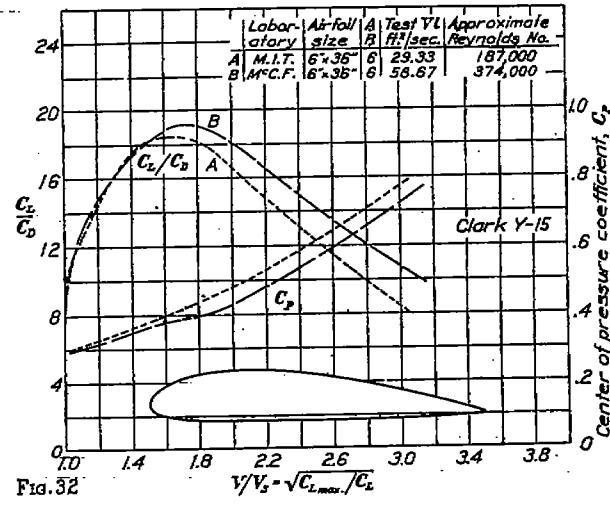


FIG. 32

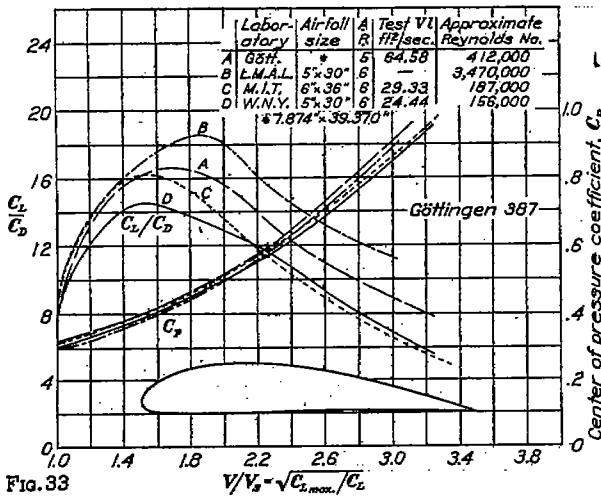


FIG. 33

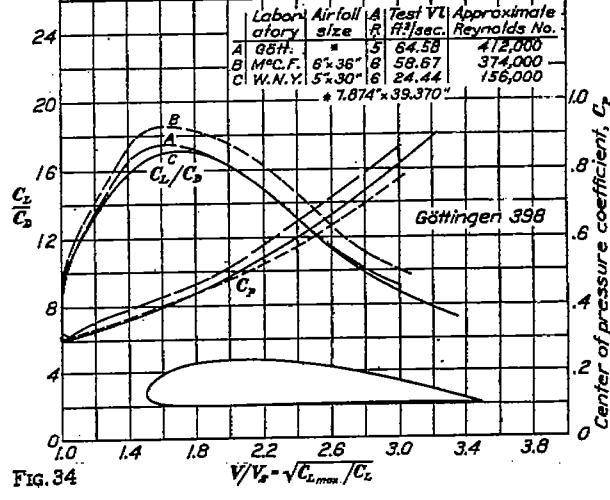


FIG. 34

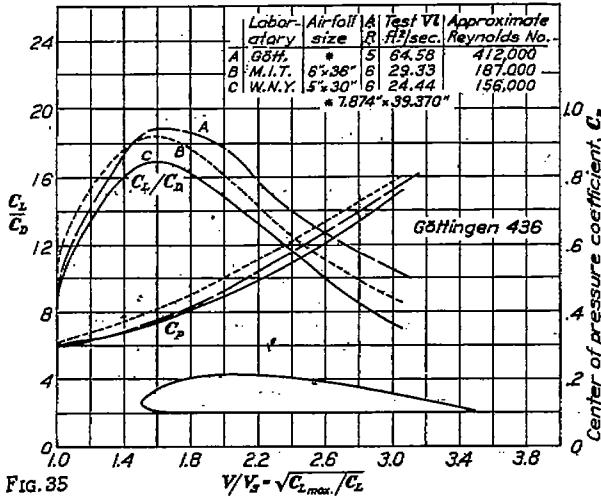


FIG. 35

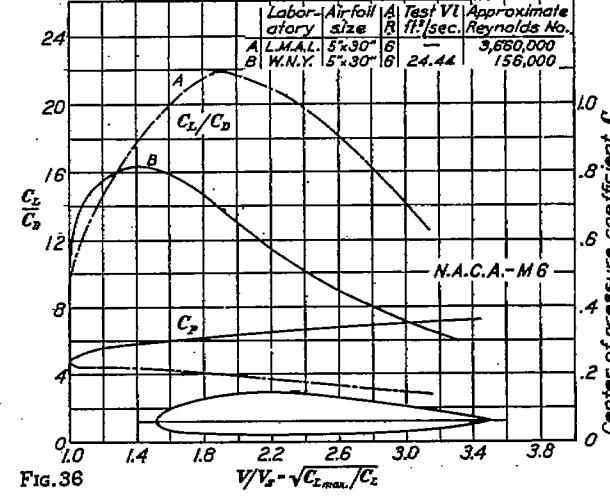


FIG. 36

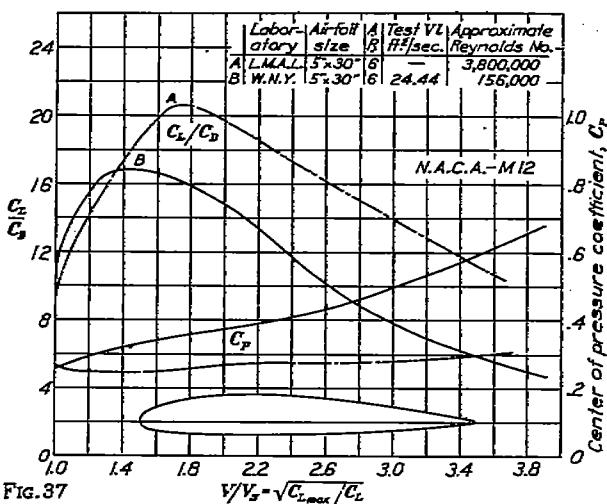


FIG. 37

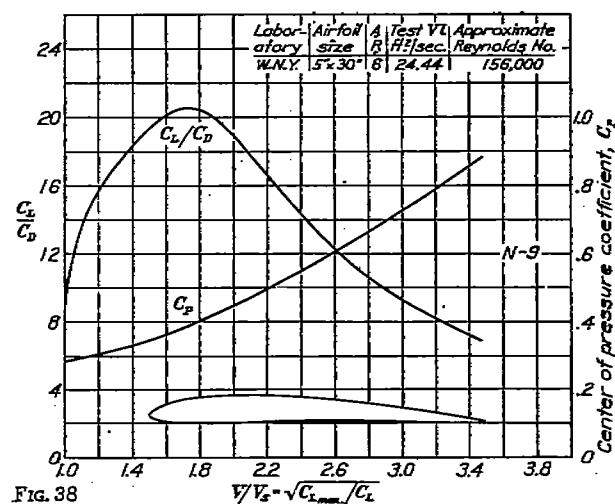


FIG. 38

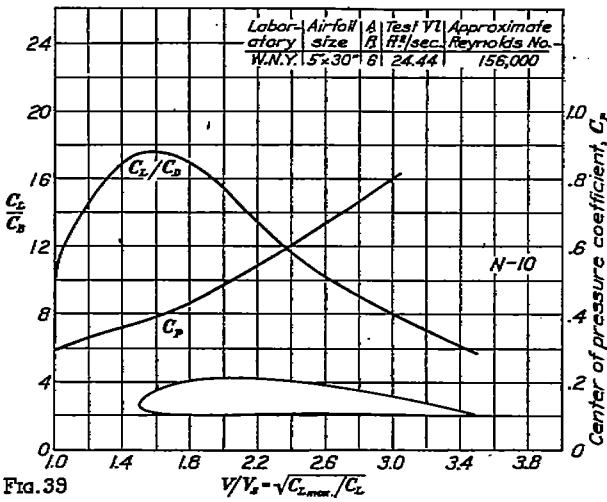


FIG. 39

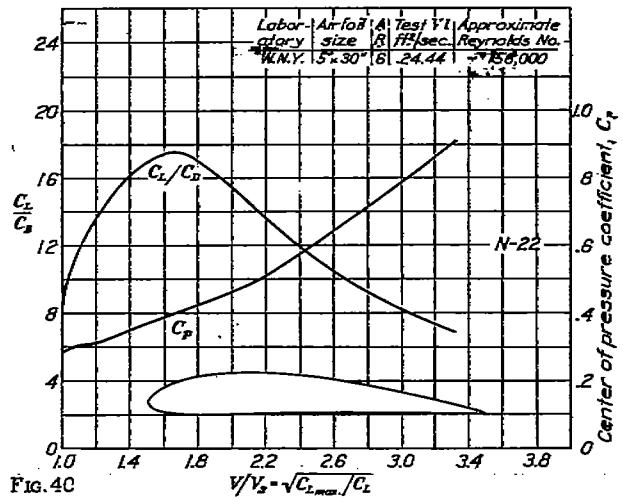


FIG. 40

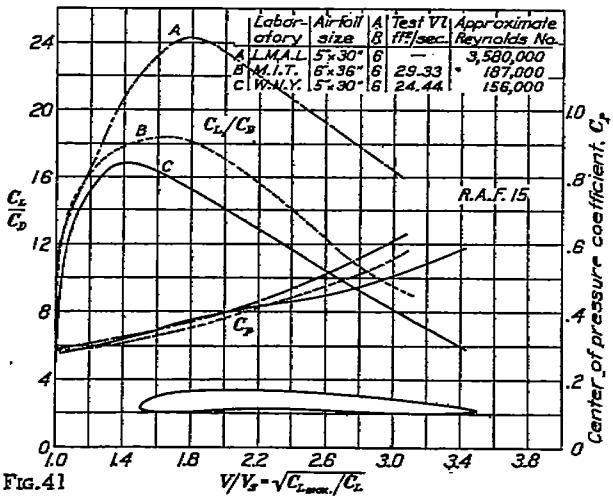


FIG. 41

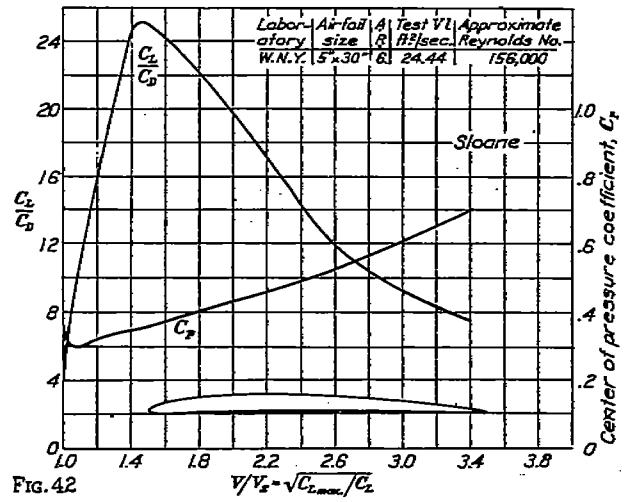


FIG. 42

Since the scale effect is in general similar for similar sections, it is to be expected that certain wing sections such as the G-398 and N-22 which show up well in an atmospheric tunnel would have good characteristics at full Reynolds Number. This has been verified by the flight test data on airplanes with these wing sections.

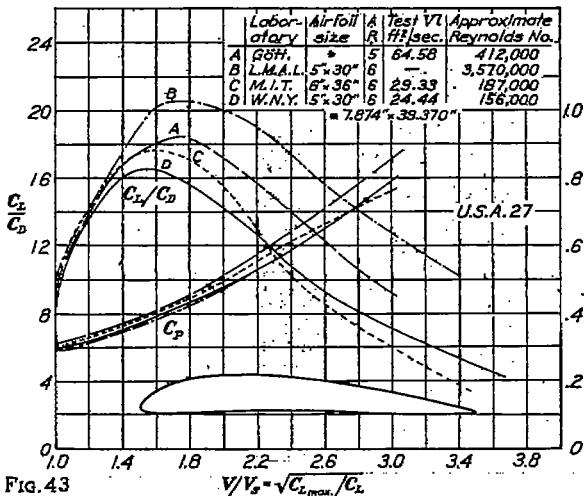


FIG. 43

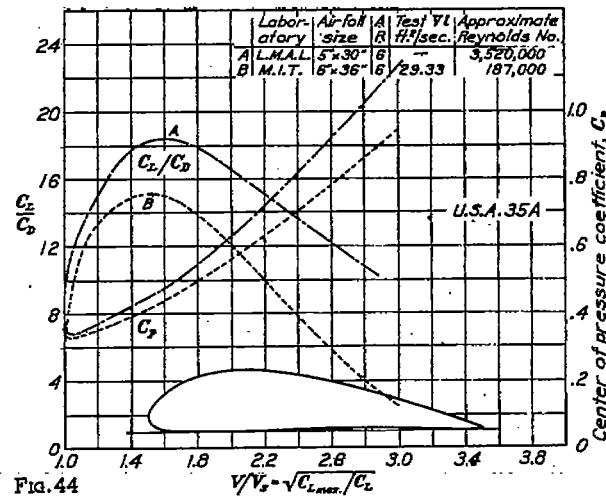


FIG. 44

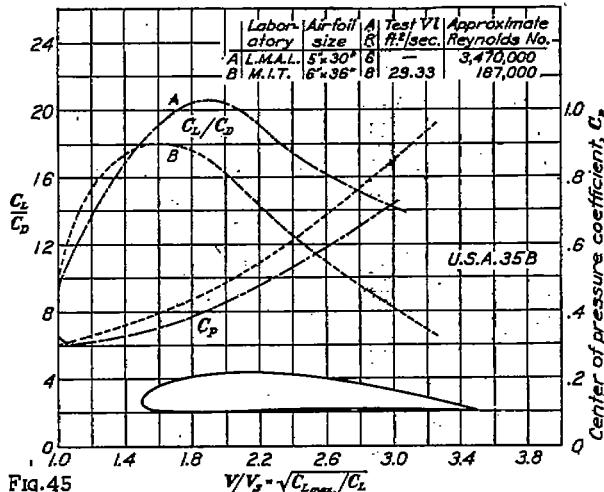


FIG. 45

### CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions can be drawn from this collection of airfoil data:

Direct comparison of the data should be made only when the Reynolds Numbers of the tests are the same. True relative values are then obtained at that Reynolds Number.

Allowance for the scale effect should be made when the tests are at different Reynolds Numbers.

The scale effect is in general similar for similar airfoil sections.

Test data at high Reynolds Numbers show better accord with free-flight data. Preference should therefore be given to data from the variable density tunnel.

More wings which show up well in an atmospheric tunnel should be tested at full scale. It is understood that this is now being done for a group of sections including the G-398.

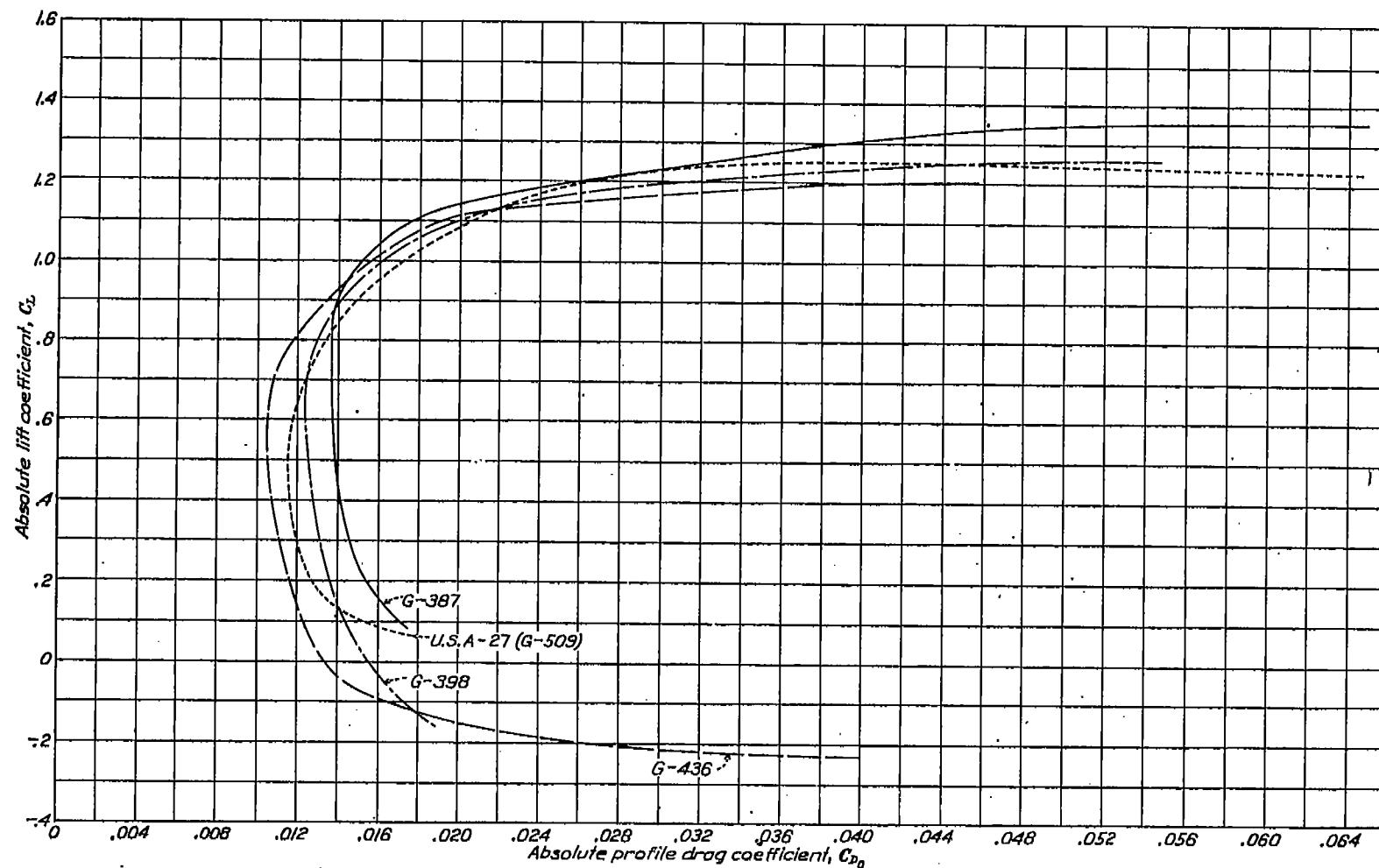


FIGURE 46.—Göttingen Laboratory tests. Airfoil size, 7.874×39.370 inches; aspect ratio, 5; test,  $V_l=64.55$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000

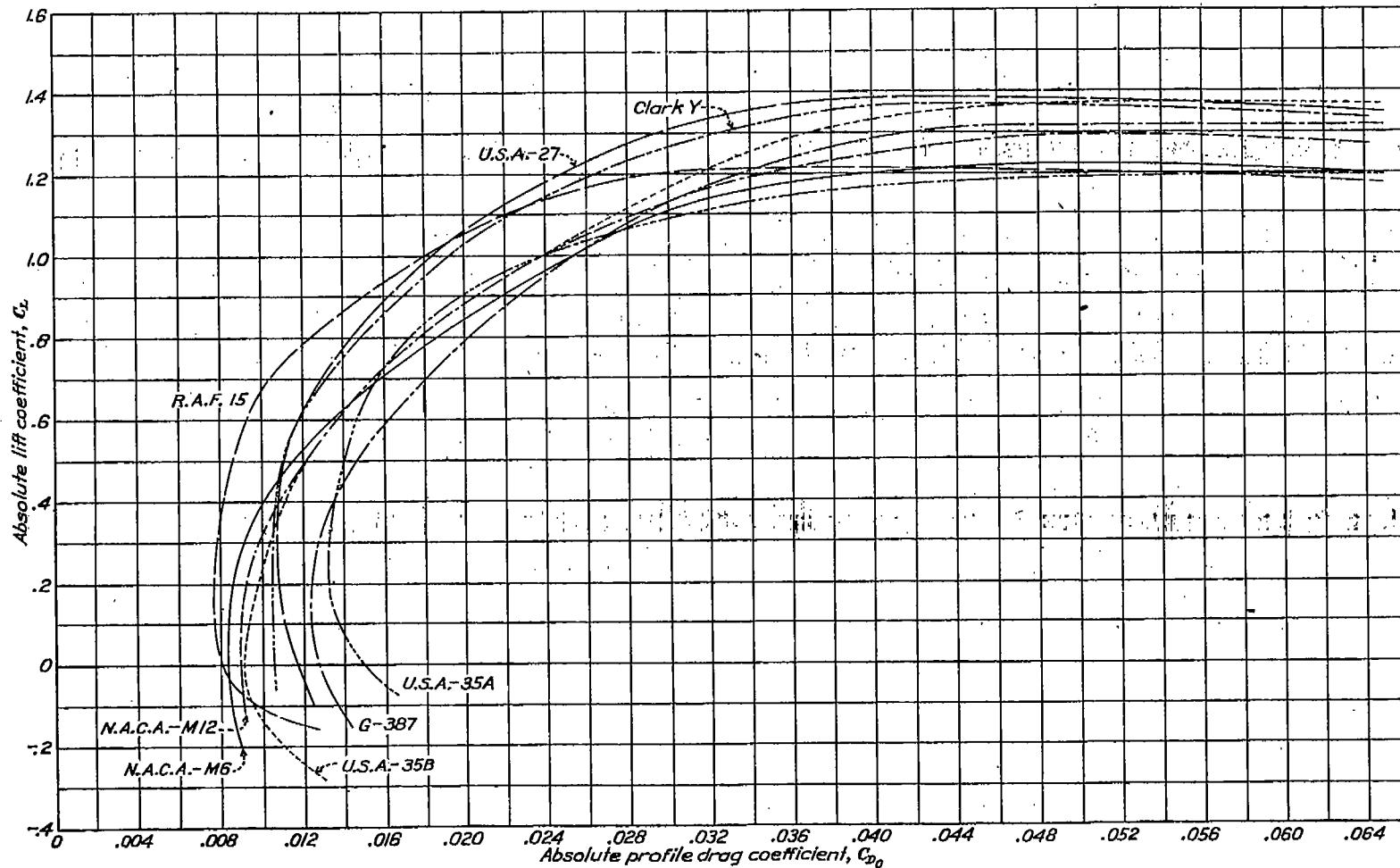


FIGURE 47.—Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory tests. Airfoil size 5×30 inches; aspect ratio, 6. Airfoil, Clark Y, average Reynolds Number, 3,610,000; G-387, average Reynolds Number, 3,470,000; M-6, average Reynolds Number, 3,800,000; M-12, average Reynolds Number, 3,800,000; R. A. F.-15, average Reynolds Number, 3,590,000; U. S. A.-27, average Reynolds Number, 3,570,000; U. S. A.-35A, average Reynolds Number, 3,520,000; U. S. A.-35B, average Reynolds Number, 3,470,000.

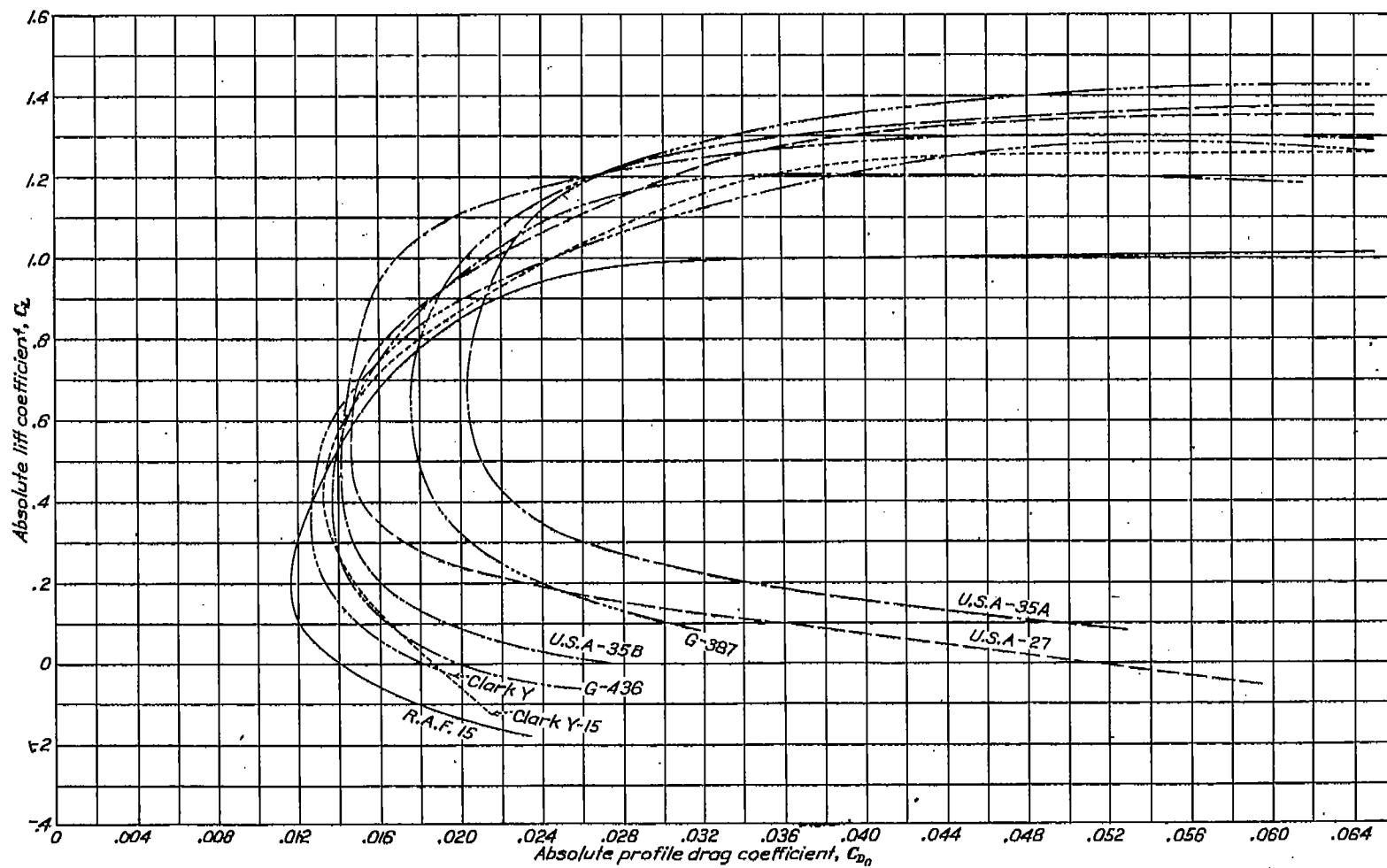


FIGURE 48.—Massachusetts Institute of Technology tests. Airfoil size 6×36 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test  $Vt = 29.33$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000

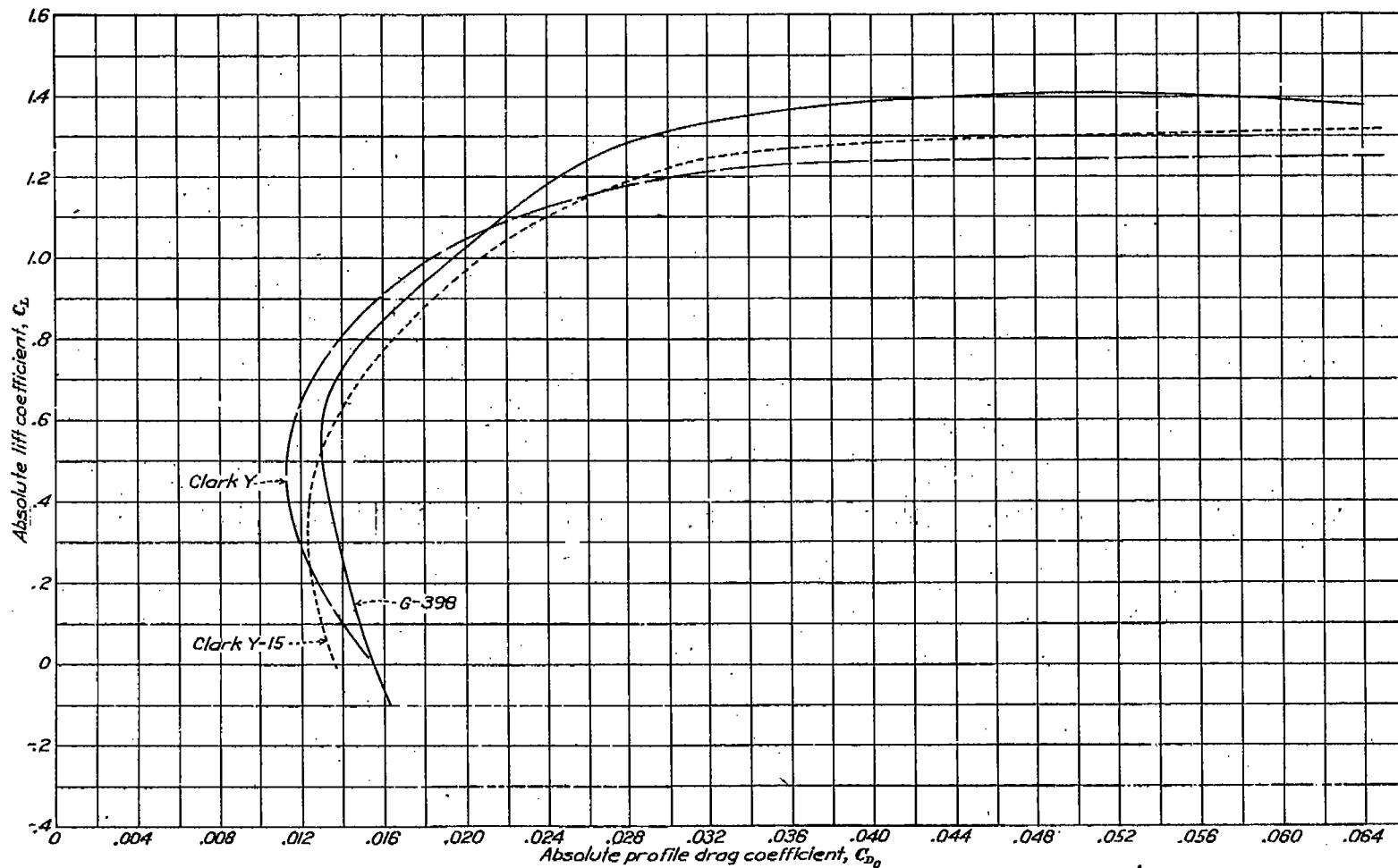


FIGURE 49.—McCook Field tests. Airfoil size, 6×36 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test VI=58.87 square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000

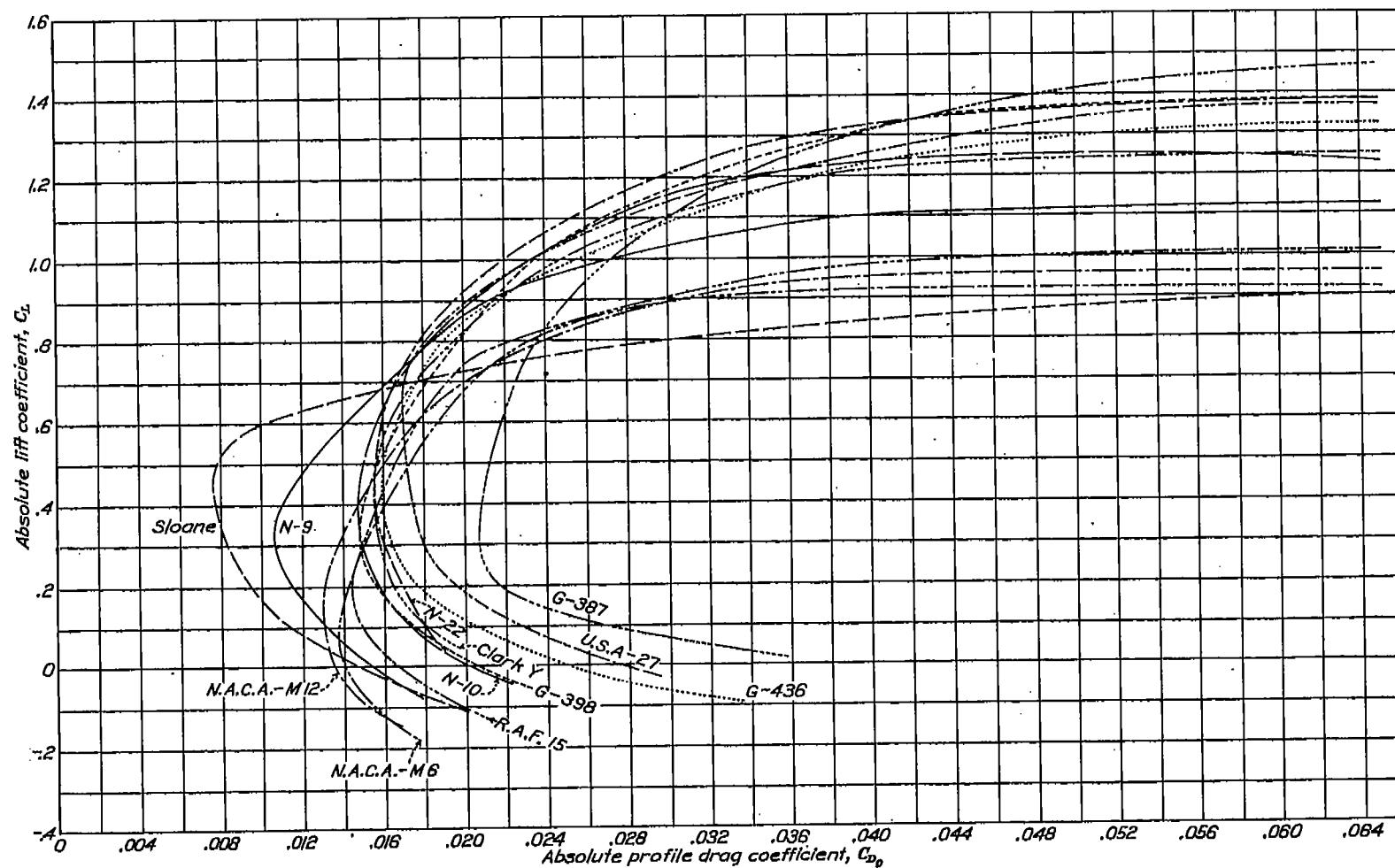


FIGURE 50.—Washington Navy Yard tests. Airfoil size, 5×30 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test,  $V_l=24.44$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 186,000

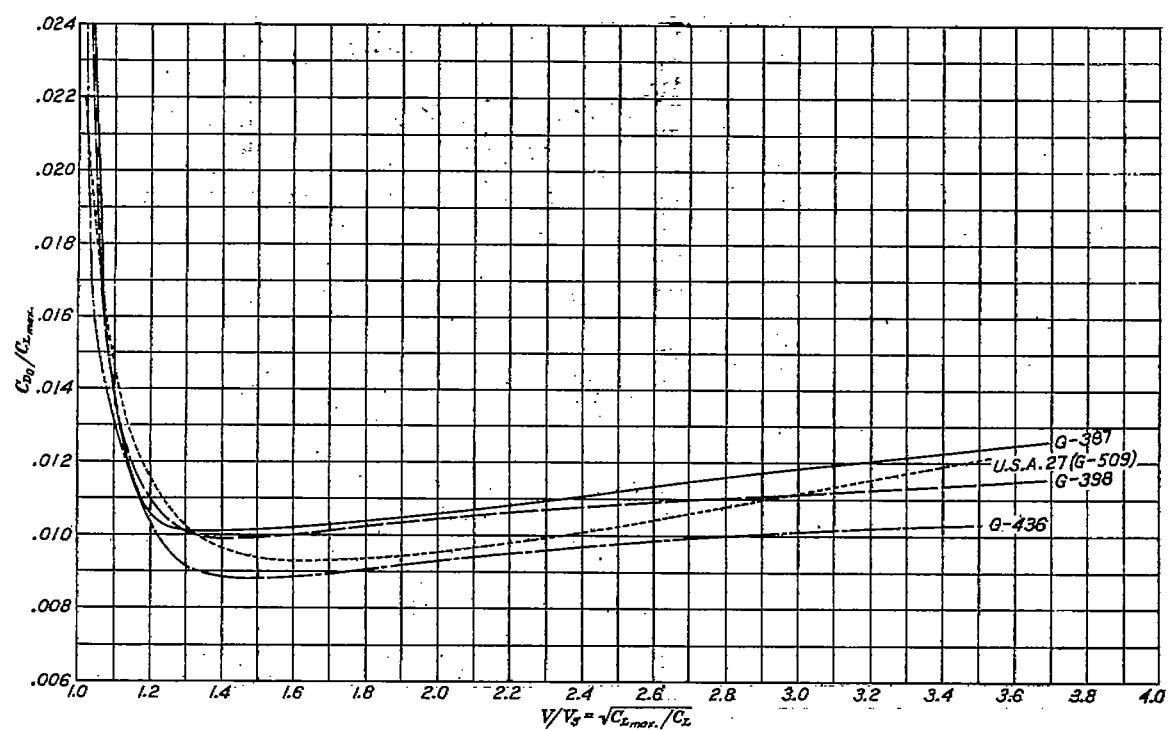


FIGURE 51.—Gottingen Laboratory tests. Airfoil size, 7.874×39.370 inches; aspect ratio, 5; test  $V_l = 64.58$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000

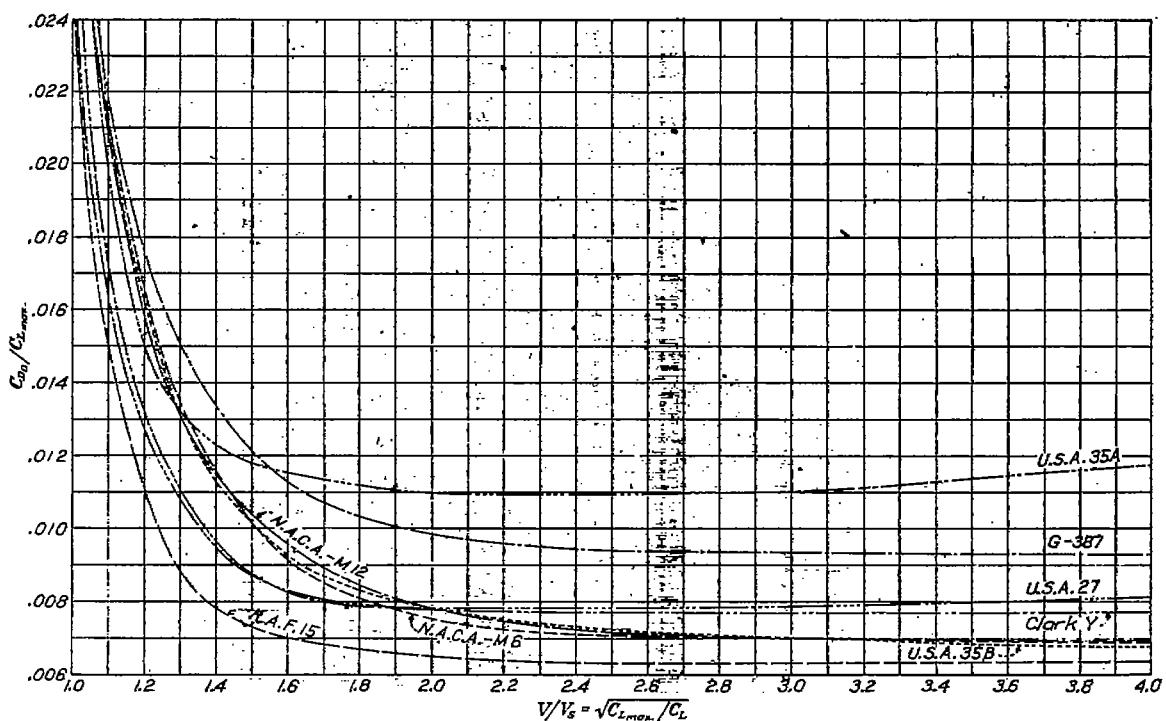


FIGURE 52.—Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory tests. Airfoil size, 5×30 inches; aspect ratio, 6; approximate Reynolds Number, 8,600,000

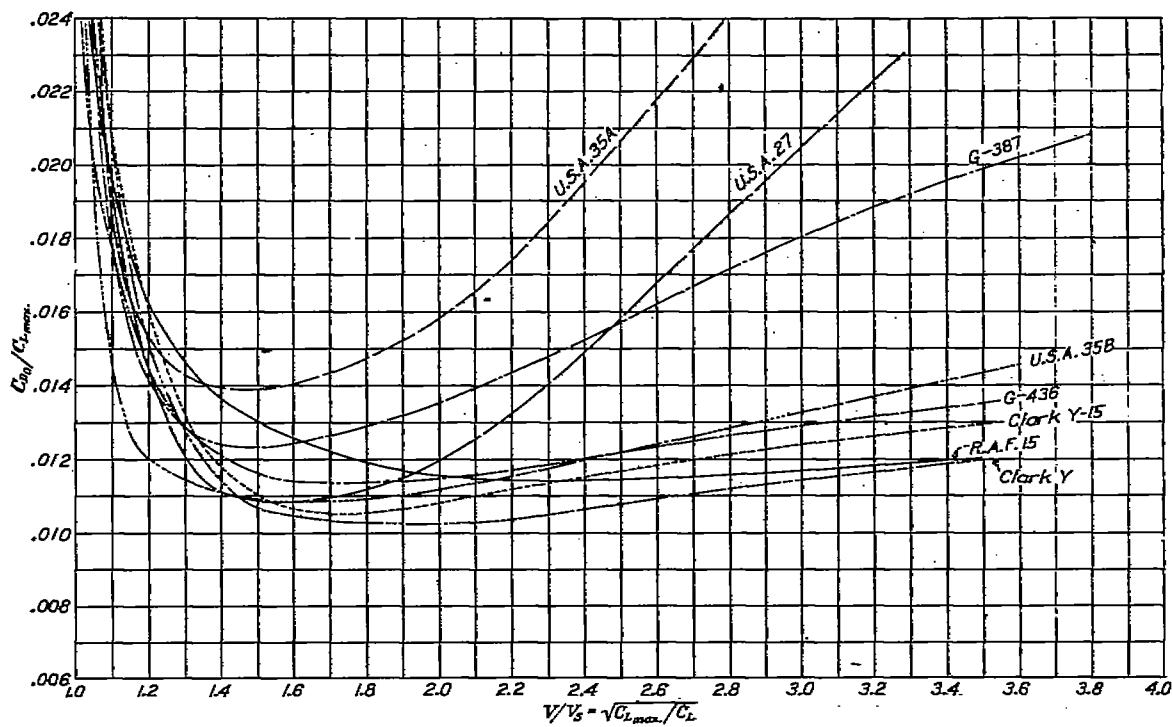


FIGURE 53.—Massachusetts Institute of Technology tests. Airfoil size, 6×36 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test  $V_l=29.33$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.

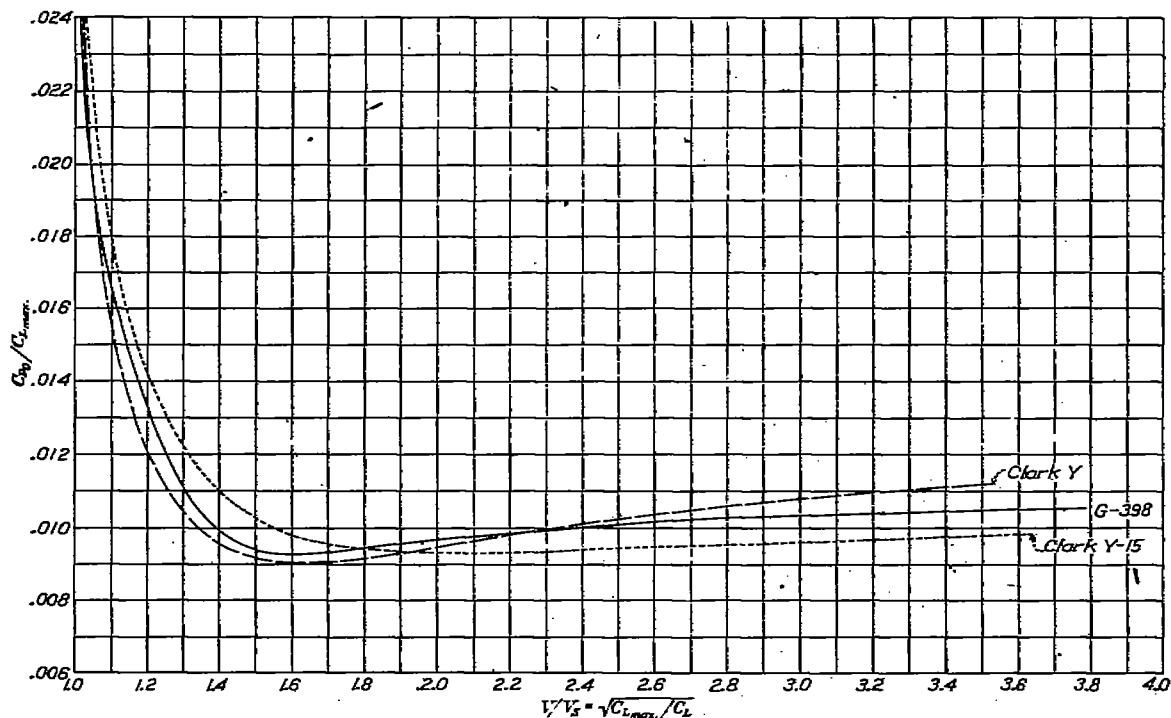


FIGURE 54.—McCook Field tests. Airfoil size, 6×36 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test,  $V_l=58.67$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.

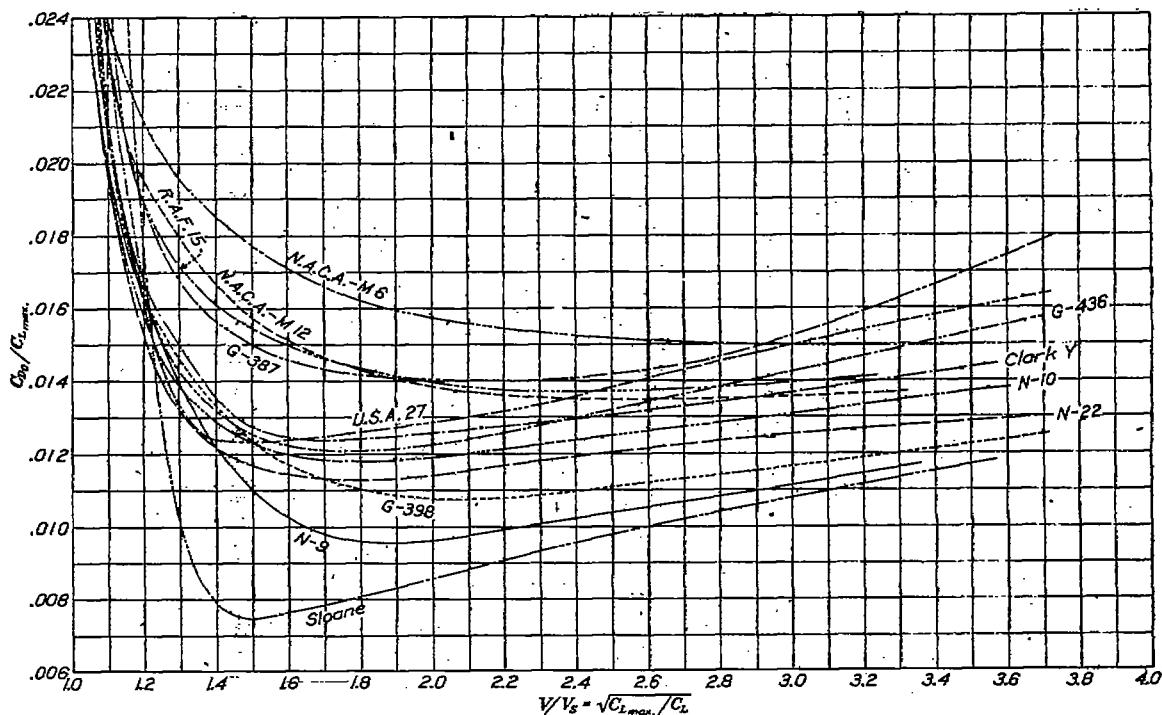


FIGURE 55.—Washington Navy Yard tests. Airfoil size, 5×30 inches; aspect ratio, 6; test,  $V_l=24.44$  square feet per second; approximate Reynolds Number, 166,000

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TABLE I  
SPECIFIED ORDINATES OF AIRFOIL SECTIONS  
All dimensions are given in per cent of chord length

Distance from leading edge in percentage of chord	Clark Y		Clark Y-15		G-387		G-388	
	Upper camber	Lower camber						
0	3.49	3.49	3.50	3.50	3.78	3.78	3.74	3.74
1.25	5.53	1.94	5.98	1.43	6.53	1.43	6.20	1.89
2.5	6.50	1.46	7.21	.76	7.91	.93	7.40	1.23
5	7.87	.94	8.86	-.06	9.89	.40	9.17	.89
7.5	8.86	.61	10.01	-.50	11.32	.15	10.37	.35
10	9.83	.40	10.39	-.87	12.40	.03	11.25	.18
15	10.74	.15	12.17	-1.88	13.84	0	12.53	.03
20	11.35	.04	12.98	-1.57	14.71	.05	13.34	0
30	11.73	0	13.35	-1.65	15.34	.23	13.80	.05
40	11.40	0	13.00	-1.60	14.85	.38	13.34	.17
50	10.52	0	11.99	-1.43	13.47	.50	12.27	.27
60	9.18	0	10.44	-1.29	11.54	.57	10.03	.33
70	7.52	0	8.89	-1.04	9.21	.58	8.58	.35
80	5.84	0	5.95	-.73	6.58	.49	6.12	.27
90	3.22	0	3.19	-.39	3.61	.28	3.40	.13
95	1.88	0	1.76	-.25	2.02	.15	1.92	.06
100	.25	.25	.14	-.01	.25	.25	.25	.25
Distance from leading edge in percentage of chord	G-436		M-6		M-12		N-9	
	Upper camber	Lower camber						
0	2.66	2.66	0	0	0	0	2.25	2.25
1.25	4.63	1.21	1.97	-1.76	2.03	-1.65	3.73	1.14
2.5	5.54	.79	2.91	-2.20	2.86	-2.14	4.50	.77
5	7.00	.37	4.03	-2.73	4.01	-2.72	5.51	.39
7.5	8.11	.15	4.94	-3.03	4.89	-3.07	6.22	.21
10	8.98	.05	5.71	-3.24	5.59	-3.31	6.76	.11
15	10.16	0	6.52	-3.47	6.61	-3.62	7.52	.01
20	10.82	0	7.55	-3.62	7.30	-3.80	8.00	0
30	11.08	0	8.22	-3.79	7.95	-3.98	8.28	.03
40	10.55	0	8.05	-3.90	7.86	-3.96	8.00	.10
50	9.80	0	7.26	-3.24	7.25	-3.82	7.38	.15
60	8.28	0	6.03	-3.82	6.27	-3.50	6.38	.20
70	6.80	0	4.58	-3.48	4.98	-3.00	5.13	.21
80	4.70	0	3.06	-2.83	3.50	-2.31	3.67	.15
90	2.64	0	1.55	-1.77	1.89	-1.37	2.07	.08
95	1.54	0	0.88	-1.08	1.07	-0.81	1.23	.04
100	.25	.25	0	0	0	0	.25	0
Distance from leading edge in percentage of chord	N-10		N-22		R. A. F.-15		Sloane	
	Upper camber	Lower camber						
0	2.99	2.99	3.37	3.37	1.50	1.50	0.83	0.82
1.25	4.96	1.51	5.58	1.70	3.14	.76	1.89	.24
2.5	5.92	1.02	6.66	1.15	3.94	.50	2.56	.06
5	7.33	.55	8.25	.62	5.00	.18	3.37	.01
7.5	8.28	.28	9.33	.32	5.67	.02	3.95	.05
10	8.99	.14	10.13	.16	6.09	.02	4.38	.12
15	10.04	.01	11.28	.03	6.67	.18	4.95	.32
20	10.67	.00	12.01	0	6.96	.53	5.29	.50
30	11.01	.04	12.42	.05	6.94	1.02	5.62	.63
40	10.73	.14	12.01	.15	6.63	1.02	5.83	.57
50	9.85	.22	11.04	.24	6.13	.71	5.39	.48
60	8.50	.27	9.57	.30	5.82	.33	4.88	.38
70	6.83	.28	7.68	.32	4.79	.06	4.11	.30
80	4.90	.22	5.51	.24	3.91	.04	3.18	.21
90	2.74	.10	3.06	.13	2.81	.21	2.00	.10
95	1.60	.05	1.73	.05	2.17	.32	1.32	.04
100	.25	.25	.25	.25	.94	.94	.25	.25

TABLE I—Continued  
SPECIFIED ORDINATES OF AIRFOIL SECTIONS—Continued

Distance from leading edge in percentage of chord	U. S. A.-27		U. S. A.-35A		U. S. A.-35B	
	Upper camber	Lower camber	Upper camber	Lower camber	Upper camber	Lower camber
0	1.77	1.77	4.33	4.33	2.84	2.84
1.25	3.89	.61	8.08	1.62	6.15	1.03
2.5	5.15	.35	9.58	.96	6.21	.63
5	6.95	.10	11.83	.42	7.62	.28
7.5	8.23	.01	13.58	.22	8.65	.14
10	9.19	0	14.88	.10	9.45	.07
15	10.62	.13	16.60	0	10.56	0
20	11.82	.37	17.72	.08	11.28	.05
30	11.87	.91	18.43	.28	11.76	.15
40	11.59	1.03	17.86	.44	11.41	.28
50	10.78	.78	16.18	.60	10.34	.39
60	9.57	.35	13.91	.67	8.91	.45
70	7.97	.07	11.12	.65	7.05	.42
80	5.92	.01	7.88	.55	5.02	.35
90	3.65	.19	4.33	.82	2.72	.20
95	2.33	.33	2.39	.19	1.52	.12
100	.74	.74	.43	0	.25	.25

TABLE II  
SPECIFIED THICKNESS OF AIRFOIL SECTIONS  
All dimensions are given in per cent of chord length

Airfoil section	Maximum thickness	Thickness at—			
		10 per cent from leading edge	15 per cent from leading edge	60 per cent from leading edge	70 per cent from leading edge
Clark Y	11.73	9.23	10.59	9.18	7.52
Clark Y-15	15.00	11.76	13.55	11.73	9.43
G-387	15.11	12.37	13.84	10.97	8.63
G-398	13.75	11.07	12.50	10.30	8.18
G-436	11.08	8.93	10.16	8.28	6.60
M-8	12.01	8.95	10.29	9.85	8.08
M-12	11.93	8.90	10.23	9.77	7.98
N-9	8.23	6.64	7.51	6.18	4.92
N-10	10.97	8.85	10.03	8.23	6.55
N-23	12.37	9.97	11.25	9.27	7.36
R. A. Y-15	6.49	6.07	6.49	5.19	4.73
Sloane	5.08	4.26	4.63	4.50	3.81
U. S. A.-27	10.96	9.19	10.39	9.22	7.90
U. S. A.-35A	18.18	14.78	16.60	13.24	10.37
U. S. A.-35B	11.61	9.38	10.56	8.46	6.63

TABLE III  
GÖTTINGEN TEST

Airfoil size, 7.874 x 39.370 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 5.

Test speed, 98.42 ft./sec.  
Test  $V_t$ , 64.58 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 3

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-9.0	-0.104	0.0690	-0.058	—	-1.51	—	0.0883
-6.0	.082	.0180	.123	—	4.55	—	.0175
-4.6	.182	.0179	-.146	0.79	10.2	2.74	.0157
-3.1	.280	.0201	-.167	.60	18.9	2.21	.0161
-1.6	.380	.0235	-.192	.50	16.2	1.89	.0148
-0.2	.488	.0291	-.218	.45	16.1	1.71	.0151
1.3	.581	.0357	-.242	.41	16.3	1.53	.0141
2.7	.681	.0438	-.265	.38	15.8	1.41	.0142
4.2	.789	.0531	-.288	.37	14.8	1.32	.0135
5.7	.872	.0631	-.310	.38	12.4	1.25	.0146
8.6	1.085	.0921	-.375	.34	11.8	1.12	.0171
11.6	1.218	.124	-.410	.33	9.81	1.06	.0294
14.5	1.340	.162	-.429	.32	8.27	1.01	.0476
17.5	1.380	.217	-.452	.34	6.27	1.00	.0992

TABLE IV  
G-398 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 7.874x39.370 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 5.

## GÖTTINGEN TEST

Test speed, 98.42 ft./sec.  
Test  $V_1$ , 64.58 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 3

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-11.9	-0.297	0.101	0.031		-2.94		0.0954
-8.9	-0.159	.0205	-.054		-7.76		.0188
-6.0	.037	.0152	-.100		2.43		.0151
-4.6	.138	.0152	-.122	0.87	9.08	2.02	.0140
-3.1	.232	.0170	-.143	.63	13.7	2.33	.0135
-1.6	.340	.0205	-.170	.49	16.6	1.93	.0132
-0.2	.435	.0249	-.192	.45	17.5	1.70	.0128
2.8	.640	.0388	-.245	.39	16.6	1.40	.0124
5.7	.840	.0597	-.295	.36	14.1	1.23	.0147
8.6	1.015	.0851	-.337	.34	11.9	1.12	.0193
11.6	1.170	.1150	-.371	.31	10.2	1.04	.0278
14.6	1.280	.1560	-.403	.32	8.08	1.00	.0547

TABLE V  
G-436 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 7.874x39.370 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 5.

## GÖTTINGEN TEST

Test speed, 98.42 ft./sec.  
Test  $V_1$ , 64.58 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel wall interference corrections applied is taken from Reference 3

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.9	-0.236	0.0437	-0.009		-5.40		0.0401
-6.0	-.050	.0144	-.063		-3.47		.0142
-4.5	.050	.0130	-.084		1.84		.0128
-3.0	.180	.0188	-.107	0.71	11.3	2.84	.0119
-1.6	.246	.0189	-.180	.63	15.5	2.22	.0121
-0.1	.349	.0189	-.154	.44	18.5	1.86	.0111
1.3	.451	.0247	-.182	.39	13.3	1.64	.0117
2.8	.548	.0294	-.202	.36	18.6	1.49	.0101
4.3	.647	.0382	-.226	.34	16.9	1.37	.0092
5.7	.751	.0483	-.248	.32	15.4	1.27	.0129
8.7	.945	.0728	-.301	.31	13.0	1.13	.0159
11.6	1.120	.0993	-.343	.30	11.2	1.04	.0209
14.6	1.204	.138	-.365	.31	8.73	1.00	.0467

TABLE VI  
USA-27 AIRFOIL

## GÖTTINGEN TEST

Test speed, 98.42 ft./sec.  
Test  $V_1$ , 64.58 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel wall interference corrections applied is taken from Reference 4 (G-509)

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-9.0	-0.203	0.0919	0.019		-2.21		0.0893
-6.0	-.037	.0468	-.072		-7.79		.0457
-4.5	.063	.0179	-.106		3.82		.0177
-3.0	.164	.0150	-.128	0.77	10.9	2.76	.0133
-1.4	.264	.0186	-.149	.57	15.9	2.18	.0122
0.0	.364	.0201	-.171	.47	16.1	1.85	.0116
1.6	.457	.0251	-.198	.42	18.2	1.65	.0117
3.1	.559	.0317	-.214	.39	17.6	1.50	.0117
4.7	.695	.0432	-.258	.36	16.1	1.34	.0124
6.2	.794	.0536	-.260	.35	14.8	1.25	.0134
9.2	.967	.0781	-.319	.33	12.4	1.14	.0186
12.2	1.140	.1060	-.356	.32	10.9	1.05	.0221
15.3	1.253	.1380	-.384	.31	9.09	1.00	.0379
18.2	1.200	.1390	-.380	.32	6.85	1.02	.0973

TABLE VII  
CLARK Y AIRFOILAirfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

L. M. A. L. TEST

Average Reynolds Number, 3,610,000.

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-6.02	-0.060	0.0108	-0.068		-5.55		0.0106
-4.48	.045	.0107	.091		4.21		.0106
-2.94	.167	.0121	.120	0.720	13.8	2.80	.0106
-1.40	.268	.0144	.145	.541	18.6	2.26	.0106
.15	.894	.0182	.106	.332	21.1	1.89	.0103
1.69	.501	.0245	.185	.368	20.4	1.65	.0111
3.23	.603	.0312	.224	.371	19.3	1.51	.0119
5.31	.819	.0503	.284	.346	16.1	1.29	.0152
9.39	1.084	.0770	.312	.302	13.4	1.15	.0201
12.47	1.281	.1085	.360	.244	11.4	1.06	.0280
15.52	1.387	.1395	.415	.306	9.80	1.00	.0403
18.49	1.288	.2217	.378	.294	5.80	1.03	.1342
21.41	1.081	.3023	.328	.393	3.58	1.12	.2402

TABLE VIII  
G-387 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

L. M. A. L. TEST

Average Reynolds Number, 3,470,000.

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-9.06	-0.186	0.0156	-0.058		-10.0		0.0143
-5.98	.061	.0126	.105		4.86		.0124
-4.44	.168	.0139	.135	0.807	12.1	2.82	.0124
-2.89	.260	.0172	.168	.502	16.3	2.18	.0130
-1.35	.390	.0210	.176	.452	18.6	1.85	.0129
.19	.504	.0263	.202	.401	17.8	1.62	.0143
1.73	.612	.0368	.234	.381	16.6	1.47	.0168
3.28	.725	.0488	.265	.351	15.5	1.36	.0188
6.36	.960	.0712	.285	.336	13.5	1.18	.0222
9.44	1.146	.1004	.348	.304	11.4	1.08	.0307
12.50	1.308	.1340	.392	.301	9.75	1.01	.0431
15.50	1.328	.1848	.441	.332	7.18	1.00	.0911
18.50	1.320	.2462	.448	.337	5.36	1.01	.1637
21.49	1.276	.3002	.463	.350	4.25	1.02	.2138

TABLE IX  
N. A. C. A.-M6 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Data from Reference 1 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

L. M. A. L. TEST

Average Reynolds number, 3,660,000.

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-3.08	-0.202	0.0111	0.064		-18.2		0.0089
-1.54	-.097	.0094	.036		-10.3		.0089
.01	.016	.0080	.008		2.0		.0080
1.55	.126	.0098	-.017	0.141	12.9	3.19	.0090
3.09	.237	.0115	-.045	.137	20.6	2.27	.0085
4.63	.340	.0165	-.084	.187	21.9	1.90	.0093
6.17	.456	.0226	-.096	.211	20.2	1.64	.0115
9.25	.665	.0385	-.145	.218	17.3	1.38	.0150
12.33	.875	.0616	-.192	.201	14.2	1.18	.0209
15.41	1.073	.0892	-.232	.219	12.0	1.07	.0281
18.46	1.223	.1287	-.286	.238	9.52	1.00	.0494
21.44	1.163	.1681	-.312	.269	8.89	1.02	.1256

TABLE X

N. A. C. A.-M12 AIRFOIL

L. M. A. L. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Average Reynolds number, 3,800,000.

Data from Reference 1 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-3.05	-0.118	0.0095	-0.019		-12.0		0.0091
-1.51	-0.017	.0069	-.001		-1.91		.0089
.04	.096	.0092	-.029				.0087
1.58	.207	.0123	-.057	0.302	10.4	3.66	.0100
3.12	.318	.0163	-.088	.274	16.3	2.50	.0109
4.66	.417	.0203	-.107	.275	18.5	2.03	.0110
6.20	.537	.0230	-.131	.244	12.2	1.55	.0126
9.29	.760	.0479	-.192	.263	15.9	1.30	.0172
12.37	.971	.0724	-.241	.250	13.4	1.15	.0223
15.44	1.155	.1022	-.287	.251	11.3	1.06	.0313
18.49	1.293	.1388	-.342	.289	9.32	1.00	.0501
21.44	1.165	.2293	-.364	.312	5.09	1.05	.1572

TABLE XI

R. A. F.-15 AIRFOIL

L. M. A. L. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Average Reynolds number, 3,580,000.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference.

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-4.56	-0.182	0.0141	-0.013		-11.5		0.0127
-3.02	-0.062	.0067	-.033		-5.93		.0085
-1.48	.052	.0083	-.065	1.270	6.27	4.82	.0081
0.06	.166	.0090	-.090	0.539	18.5	2.70	.0075
1.61	.285	.0124	-.116	.403	26.0	2.06	.0081
3.15	.398	.0164	-.158	.380	24.3	1.74	.0079
4.69	.507	.0222	-.176	.347	22.8	1.55	.0085
6.24	.629	.0306	-.202	.322	20.6	1.39	.0095
8.32	.850	.0525	-.260	.307	16.2	1.19	.0141
12.41	1.063	.0809	-.313	.296	13.2	1.06	.0203
15.46	1.209	.1093	-.344	.259	11.0	1.00	.0317
16.43	1.127	.1611	-.353	.318	6.98	1.04	.0387
18.38	1.004	.2245	-.394	.385	4.45	1.10	.1712
21.35	0.924	.2928	-.379	.392	3.15	1.14	.2474

TABLE XII

U. S. A.-27 AIRFOIL

L. M. A. L. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Average Reynolds number, 3,570,000.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-6.04	-0.100	0.0128	-0.061		-7.82		0.0123
-4.50	.007	.0117	-.090		.60		.0117
-2.95	.120	.0118	-.112	0.940	10.2	3.40	.0110
-1.42	.221	.0134	-.137	.621	16.5	2.60	.0106
0.13	.332	.0167	-.164	.494	19.9	2.04	.0108
1.67	.439	.0211	-.183	.416	20.6	1.78	.J108
3.21	.553	.0275	-.190	.360	20.1	1.58	.0112
4.75	.654	.0353	-.233	.363	18.5	1.46	.0125
6.29	.768	.0456	-.256	.382	16.8	1.35	.0143
9.37	.972	.0678	-.307	.316	14.3	1.20	.0175
12.44	1.165	.0953	-.342	.295	12.2	1.09	.0232
15.40	1.326	.1285	-.385	.293	10.3	1.02	.0352
16.53	1.386	.1417	-.504	.303	9.79	1.00	.0397
18.50	1.324	.1921	-.482	.307	8.87	1.02	.1001
21.45	1.181	.2712	-.491	.411	4.36	1.08	.1972

TABLE XIII

U. S. A.-35A AIRFOIL

L. M. A. L. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Average Reynolds number, 8,520,000.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L / C_D$	Speed ratio $V / V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-9.03	-0.075	0.0168	-0.098		-4.46		0.0165
-5.94	.146	.0143	.154		10.2	2.88	.0132
-4.40	.262	.0166	.178	0.714	15.2	2.19	.0132
-2.86	.385	.0205	.203	.568	17.8	1.82	.0134
-1.32	.468	.0265	.224	.479	18.4	1.61	.0138
.22	.586	.0327	.254	.434	18.0	1.44	.0144
1.76	.692	.0410	.280	.404	18.9	1.32	.0155
3.30	.798	.0510	.304	.380	15.6	1.23	.0172
4.84	.884	.0616	.322	.364	14.3	1.17	.0201
6.37	.984	.0741	.356	.361	13.3	1.11	.0226
9.43	1.142	.1042	.392	.342	11.0	1.03	.0360
12.46	1.203	.1495	.430	.355	8.05	1.00	.0727
15.46	1.301	.2029	.447	.368	5.93	1.00	.1263
18.44	1.152	.2512	.443	.378	4.59	1.03	.1808
21.42	1.007	.2956	.405	.359	3.72	1.05	.2316

TABLE XIV

U. S. A.-35B AIRFOIL

L. M. A. L. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Average Reynolds number, 8,470,000.

Data from Reference 2 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L / C_D$	Speed ratio $V / V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-9.11	-0.285	0.0178	-0.001		-16.5		0.0130
-6.02	-.062	.0094	.058		6.60		.0032
-4.48	.044	.0093	.082		4.78		.0092
-2.94	.157	.0109	.109	0.899	14.4	2.96	.0086
-1.40	.283	.0143	.136	.516	18.4	2.28	.0106
.14	.378	.0183	.147	.588	20.6	1.91	.0107
1.69	.488	.0247	.176	.361	19.8	1.68	.0120
3.28	.603	.0332	.212	.261	13.1	1.51	.0138
6.81	.828	.0542	.259	.214	16.2	1.29	.0182
9.40	1.045	.0818	.320	.307	12.8	1.16	.0265
12.47	1.235	.1181	.372	.302	10.9	1.06	.0321
15.52	1.374	.1490	.440	.328	9.23	1.00	.0488
18.50	1.304	.2261	.423	.328	5.77	1.03	.1359
21.45	1.181	.3057	.465	.375	3.87	1.08	.2317

TABLE XV

CLARK Y AIRFOIL

M. I. T. TEST

Airfoil size, 6×36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Fairied data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L / C_D$	Speed ratio $V / V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.01	-0.021	0.0196	-0.075		-1.68		0.0195
-3.97	.110	.0154	.110	0.930	7.15	8.38	.0147
-1.94	.252	.0168	.144	.662	15.5	2.22	.0129
.10	.401	.0214	.177	.448	18.7	1.76	.0129
2.13	.553	.0295	.211	.397	18.7	1.60	.0132
4.17	.896	.0409	.243	.364	17.0	1.33	.0152
6.20	.833	.0550	.274	.348	15.2	1.22	.0179
8.23	.960	.0720	.306	.329	13.3	1.14	.0229
10.26	1.077	.0905	.337	.316	11.9	1.07	.0289
12.29	1.179	.1103	.368	.309	10.7	1.03	.0365
14.30	1.239	.1347	.390	.308	9.21	1.00	.0531
16.29	1.177	.1740	.401	.340	6.90	1.03	.1005

TABLE XVI  
CLARK Y-15 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 6X36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Faired data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-7.96	-0.135	0.0224	-0.051		-6.02		0.0214
-5.93	.000	.0150	-.079		0		.0150
-3.90	.135	.0189	-.103	0.790	7.99	3.05	.0159
-1.86	.272	.0179	-.137	.517	15.2	2.15	.0139
.17	.416	.0226	-.170	.411	18.4	1.74	.0133
2.21	.591	.0328	-.216	.371	18.0	1.45	.0142
4.25	.727	.0444	-.249	.346	16.4	1.32	.0163
6.28	.852	.0582	-.278	.327	14.6	1.22	.0196
8.31	.970	.0736	-.300	.314	13.2	1.14	.0235
10.33	1.097	.0910	-.325	.302	11.9	1.08	.0283
12.36	1.191	.1092	-.350	.296	10.9	1.03	.0340
14.37	1.251	.1252	-.356	.291	9.76	1.00	.0451
16.38	1.259	.1452	-.356	.290	8.49	1.00	.0639
18.37	1.230	.1921	-.364	.300	6.40	1.01	.1117

TABLE XVII  
G-387 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 6X36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test Speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Faired data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-8.02	-0.065	0.0715	-0.035		-0.91		0.0713
-5.95	.076	.0321	-.117		2.87	4.38	.0318
-3.95	.221	.0237	-.186	0.678	9.32	2.54	.0211
-1.91	.385	.0264	-.195	.507	13.9	1.97	.0192
.12	.512	.0320	-.234	.431	16.0	1.67	.0181
2.16	.657	.0405	-.270	.395	15.2	1.45	.0175
4.20	.805	.0527	-.308	.370	15.3	1.33	.0162
6.23	.962	.0689	-.351	.349	14.0	1.22	.0167
8.27	1.103	.0876	-.386	.336	12.6	1.14	.0229
10.30	1.228	.1088	-.417	.325	11.3	1.08	.0287
12.30	1.339	.1315	-.440	.317	10.2	1.03	.0363
14.34	1.414	.1567	-.458	.310	9.06	1.01	.0506
16.35	1.431	.1890	-.473	.312	7.57	1.00	.0804
18.35	1.423	.2217	-.491	.323	6.44	1.00	.1142

TABLE XVIII  
G-436 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 6X36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Faired data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.02	-0.065	0.0258	-0.063		2.52		0.0256
-3.93	.080	.0172	-.099	1.020	4.65	3.83	.0169
-1.95	.225	.0170	-.134	.593	13.2	2.32	.0143
.09	.372	.0219	-.169	.452	17.7	1.80	.0136
2.13	.515	.0281	-.207	.400	18.4	1.58	.0139
4.18	.665	.0387	-.243	.366	17.2	1.35	.0161
6.20	.821	.0529	-.282	.342	15.5	1.21	.0171
8.24	.973	.0701	-.320	.323	13.9	1.11	.0193
10.27	1.097	.0884	-.356	.319	12.4	1.05	.0244
12.29	1.198	.1085	-.375	.310	11.0	1.00	.0324
14.29	1.183	.1361	-.371	.313	8.70	1.01	.0619
15.28	1.146	.1717	-.371	.322	6.69	1.03	.1020

TABLE XIX

## R. A. F.-15 AIRFOIL

Airfoil size, 6 X 36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

## M. I. T. TEST

Faired data from Reference 5 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-4.44	-0.184	0.0251	-0.015		-7.28		0.0233
-2.40	-0.018	0.0148			-1.21		.0145
-0.87	.143	.0122	-0.072	0.400	11.7	2.67	.0111
1.67	.308	.0168	-0.115	.352	18.0	1.83	.0119
3.71	.460	.0264	-0.147	.320	18.1	1.49	.0141
5.75	.610	.0348	-0.184	.300	17.5	1.29	.0149
7.78	.755	.0481	-0.226	.290	15.7	1.16	.0175
9.82	.895	.0640	-0.259	.287	14.0	1.07	.0214
11.84	.998	.0857	-0.287	.280	11.8	1.01	.0339
13.85	1.017	.1264	-0.310	.290	8.04	1.00	.0713

TABLE XXX

## U. S. A.-27 AIRFOIL

Airfoil size 6 X 36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

## M. I. T. TEST

Faired data from Reference 5 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-6.01	-0.050	0.0394	-0.066		-0.99		0.0592
-3.97	.112	.0333	-0.117	0.880	8.38	3.47	.0326
-1.94	.244	.0226	-0.154	.688	10.8	2.35	.0194
.09	.380	.0231	-0.182	.485	16.7	1.87	.0181
2.13	.584	.0301	-0.215	.402	17.7	1.59	.0149
4.17	.635	.0400	-0.253	.369	17.1	1.40	.0150
6.20	.825	.0534	-0.285	.345	15.4	1.28	.0172
8.23	.953	.0693	-0.320	.320	13.8	1.19	.0204
10.26	1.081	.0871	-0.350	.314	12.4	1.08	.0260
12.29	1.198	.1059	-0.376	.300	11.3	1.06	.0296
14.31	1.294	.1254	-0.399	.295	10.3	1.02	.0368
16.33	1.347	.1491	-0.415	.295	9.02	1.00	.0428
18.33	1.347	.2069	-0.426	.307	8.50	1.00	.1104
20.31	1.290	.3725	-0.426	.311	8.46	1.02	.2841

TABLE XXI

## U. S. A.-35A AIRFOIL

Airfoil size, 6X36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

## M. I. T. TEST

Faired data from Reference 5, changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_s$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-7.99	0.041	0.0931	-0.059		0.44		0.0930
-5.96	.176	.0545	-0.131	0.900	8.28	2.89	.0529
-3.92	.318	.0302	-0.186	.619	10.4	2.16	.0249
-1.89	.487	.0326	-0.237	.495	14.0	1.79	.0215
.15	.608	.0404	-0.261	.420	15.1	1.56	.0207
2.18	.759	.0509	-0.294	.391	14.9	1.39	.0203
4.22	.905	.0649	-0.331	.367	13.9	1.28	.0213
6.26	1.060	.0810	-0.367	.350	13.0	1.18	.0225
8.29	1.183	.1001	-0.399	.340	11.8	1.11	.0259
10.31	1.286	.1231	-0.426	.338	10.4	1.07	.0352
12.33	1.363	.1634	-0.450	.330	8.90	1.04	.0468
14.35	1.421	.1808	-0.470	.330	7.50	1.02	.0524
16.35	1.453	.2230	-0.494	.331	6.52	1.01	.1109
18.36	1.470	.2527	-0.477	.331	5.82	1.00	.1278
20.25	1.017	.2709		.330	3.75	1.20	.2158

TABLE XXII

U. S. A.-35B AIRFOIL

M. I. T. TEST

Airfoil size, 6×36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Fairied data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.00	-0.006	0.0278	-0.073	0.960	-0.21	3.26	0.0228
-3.97	.123	.0150	-.109	.560	5.50	1.26	.0181
-1.94	.253	.0157	-.147	.560	13.8	2.26	.0161
.10	.397	.0226	-.183	.438	17.6	1.81	.0142
2.13	.542	.0301	-.220	.387	18.0	1.55	.0144
4.17	.693	.0408	-.257	.353	17.1	1.37	.0149
6.21	.880	.0543	-.294	.332	18.8	1.23	.0146
8.24	1.003	.0704	-.331	.321	14.3	1.14	.0169
10.27	1.129	.0895	-.368	.312	12.6	1.07	.0218
12.30	1.233	.1125	-.394	.309	11.0	1.03	.0311
14.32	1.300	.1357	-.403	.305	9.60	1.00	.0460
16.31	1.275	.1684	-.407	.307	7.08	1.01	.0821

TABLE XXIII

CLARK Y AIRFOIL

McG. F. TEST

Airfoil size, 6×36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 80 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 58.67 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel-wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 7 and changed to absolute coefficients

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.22	0	0.0152	-0.074	0.760	0	2.94	0.0152
-4.17	.144	.0149	-.109	.392	9.71	1.63	.0138
-0.04	.463	.0227	-.153	.392	20.5	1.28	.0110
4.07	.780	.0450	-.283	.382	16.9	1.28	.0144
8.16	1.040	.0759	-.319	.307	13.7	1.10	.0184
12.20	1.232	.1160	-.367	.300	10.7	1.01	.0344
14.18	1.248	.1443	-.374	.302	8.93	1.00	.0615
16.17	1.239	.1892	-.379	.312	6.64	1.01	.1077

TABLE XXIV

CLARK Y-15 AIRFOIL

McG. F. TEST

Airfoil size, 6×36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 80 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 58.67 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel-wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 7 and changed to absolute coefficients

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.23	-0.013	0.0137	-0.070	0.765	-0.97	0.0137	0.0127
-4.17	.136	.0137	-.103	.375	9.98	3.12	.0127
-2.12	.281	.0153	-.153	.375	16.71	2.18	.0128
-0.06	.422	.0219	-.163	.390	19.29	1.78	.0124
2.00	.593	.0328	-.215	.362	18.06	1.50	.0141
4.06	.741	.0446	-.248	.333	16.63	1.34	.0155
6.10	.873	.0679	-.293	.335	15.09	1.23	.0174
8.14	1.009	.0751	-.310	.307	13.43	1.14	.0209
10.18	1.132	.0931	-.333	.295	12.16	1.09	.0261
12.21	1.236	.1118	-.357	.292	11.04	1.04	.0308
14.21	1.294	.1383	-.373	.288	9.71	1.02	.0444
16.20	1.322	.1677	-.392	.285	7.89	1.00	.0760
16.98	.986	.2661	-.356	.347	8.77	1.17	.2055
17.99	1.009	.2757	-.357	.343	8.66	1.14	.2215

U. S. A.-35B AIRFOIL

Airfoil size,  $6 \times 36$  inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

TABLE XXII

M. I. T. TEST

Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 29.33 sq. ft./sec.

Fairied data from Reference 6 changed to absolute coefficients and corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.00	-0.006	0.0278	-0.073	0.960	-0.21	3.26	0.0278
-3.97	.123	.0159	-.109	.560	5.50	1.01	.0151
-1.94	.233	.0187	-.147	.560	13.8	2.25	.0161
.10	.397	.0228	-.183	.498	17.6	1.81	.0142
2.13	.542	.0301	-.220	.387	18.0	1.55	.0144
4.17	.698	.0408	-.257	.383	17.1	1.87	.0149
6.21	.860	.0543	-.294	.332	18.8	1.23	.0146
8.24	1.003	.0704	-.331	.321	14.3	1.14	.0160
10.27	1.129	.0895	-.368	.312	12.6	1.07	.0218
12.30	1.233	.1125	-.394	.303	11.0	1.03	.0311
14.32	1.300	.1357	-.402	.305	9.00	1.00	.0460
16.31	1.275	.1684	-.407	.307	7.58	1.01	.0821

CLARK Y AIRFOIL

Airfoil size,  $6 \times 36$  inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

TABLE XXIII

McG. F. TEST

Test speed, 80 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 58.67 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel-wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 7 and changed to absolute coefficients

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.22	0	0.0152	-0.074	0.760	0	2.94	0.0152
-4.17	.144	.0149	-.109	.392	9.71	1.63	.0138
-0.04	.463	.0227	-.183	.393	20.6	1.10	.0110
4.07	.760	.0450	-.283	.332	16.9	1.28	.0144
8.16	1.040	.0759	-.319	.307	13.7	1.10	.0184
12.20	1.232	.1150	-.367	.300	10.7	1.01	.0344
14.18	1.248	.1443	-.374	.302	8.93	1.00	.0615
16.17	1.239	.1892	-.379	.312	6.54	1.01	.1077

CLARK Y-15 AIRFOIL

McG. F. TEST

Airfoil size,  $6 \times 36$  inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

Test speed, 80 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 58.67 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel-wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 7 and changed to absolute coefficients

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_s}$
-6.23	-0.013	0.0137	-0.070	0.765	-0.97	3.12	0.0127
-4.17	.136	.0137	-.103	.475	9.98	2.18	.0127
-2.12	.281	.0163	-.133	.390	16.71	1.26	.0126
-0.06	.422	.0219	-.168	.390	19.29	1.78	.0124
2.00	.593	.0323	-.215	.362	18.06	1.50	.0141
4.06	.741	.0446	-.248	.333	18.63	1.34	.0155
6.10	.873	.0579	-.293	.335	15.09	1.23	.0174
8.14	1.009	.0751	-.310	.307	13.43	1.14	.0209
10.18	1.132	.0931	-.333	.295	12.16	1.08	.0251
12.21	1.235	.1113	-.357	.292	11.04	1.04	.0308
14.21	1.294	.1333	-.373	.283	9.71	1.02	.0444
16.20	1.322	.1677	-.392	.283	7.89	1.00	.0750
16.96	.956	.2661	-.386	.347	8.77	1.17	.2065
17.99	1.009	.2757	-.367	.348	8.66	1.14	.2215

TABLE XXV  
G-395 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 6×36 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

TABLE XXV

McC. F. TEST

Test speed, 80 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 58.67 sq. ft./sec.

Data with tunnel-wall interference corrections applied are taken from Reference 7 and changed to absolute coefficients

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.23	-0.097	0.0168	-0.062		-5.79		0.0163
-6.20	.044	.0152	-.063		2.87		.0152
-4.14	.198	.0164	-.129	0.657	12.1	2.67	.0143
-2.08	.353	.0190	-.188	1.478	17.7	2.00	.0133
.01	.508	.0274	-.211	2.415	18.6	1.67	.0126
2.04	.661	.0360	-.246	3.73	18.4	1.46	.0128
4.10	.811	.0516	-.282	4.48	15.7	1.32	.0167
6.15	.961	.0676	-.322	4.85	14.2	1.21	.0185
8.19	1.098	.0856	-.355	5.22	12.8	1.13	.0215
10.23	1.224	.1048	-.379	5.10	11.7	1.07	.0253
12.28	1.337	.1271	-.417	5.12	10.5	1.03	.0232
14.33	1.403	.1544	-.429	5.07	9.12	1.00	.0492
16.22	1.358	.2002	-.442	5.27	6.78	1.02	.1023

TABLE XXVI  
CLARK Y AIRFOILAirfoil size 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.

W. N. Y. TEST

Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 11 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.02	-0.167	0.0358	-0.040		-4.69		0.0197
-7.01	-.096	.0249			-3.86		
-6.00	-.029	.0214			-1.36		
-4.99	.041	.0198			2.07		
-3.99	.111	.0183	-.105	0.950	6.06	2.37	.0178
-2.98	.181	.0184	-.121	.680	9.84	2.64	.0166
-1.97	.254	.0199	-.138	.540	12.8	2.28	.0165
-0.96	.325	.0216	-.156	1.74	15.0	1.97	.0160
.05	.400	.0241	-.174	2.42	16.6	1.77	.0156
2.07	.551	.0320	-.212	3.80	17.2	1.55	.0159
4.09	.704	.0437	-.247	4.44	16.1	1.34	.0173
6.11	.840	.0573	-.277	5.28	14.7	1.22	.0198
8.13	.980	.0748	-.308	6.14	12.2	1.14	.0233
10.14	1.093	.0926	-.340	7.03	11.8	1.07	.0291
12.15	1.190	.1115	-.355	7.00	10.7	1.03	.0364
14.16	1.242	.1322	-.361	7.96	9.39	1.00	.0503
16.16	1.287	.1622	-.360	7.94	7.74	1.00	.0782
18.13	1.058	.2038	-.388	7.54	5.58	1.09	.2349

TABLE XXVII  
G-387 AIRFOIL

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 8 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.01	-0.065	0.0513			-1.27		
-7.00	.014	.0557			.39		0.0357
-5.99	.075	.0287	-0.118	0.954	2.61	4.46	.0283
-4.98	.141	.0254			5.55	5.25	.0243
-3.97	.213	.0236	-.147	.702	9.03	2.64	.0212
-2.96	.279	.0247	-.161	.584	11.3	2.31	.0206
-1.95	.352	.0273	-.179	.514	12.7	2.06	.0212
.08	.493	.0353	-.214	.488	14.0	1.74	.0224
2.08	.639	.0439	-.248	.492	14.6	1.63	.0222
4.10	.785	.0556	-.283	.564	14.1	1.38	.0228
6.12	.922	.0708	-.314	.546	13.0	1.27	.0266
8.14	1.057	.0833	-.349	.532	12.0	1.19	.0289
10.15	1.192	.1083	-.378	.522	11.0	1.12	.0339
12.17	1.300	.1308	-.405	.512	10.0	1.07	.0396
14.18	1.404	.1530	-.428	.508	9.18	1.03	.0484
16.19	1.467	.1753	-.441	.506	8.37	1.01	.0610
18.19	1.488	.2074	-.490	.534	7.17	1.00	.0508
20.14	1.105	.3263	-.406	.556	3.38	1.16	.2614

G-393 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXVIII

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 8 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_t}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.02	-0.130	0.0301			-4.32		
-7.01	-0.059	.0235			-2.51		0.0232
-6.00	.013	.0200			.85		.0200
-4.99	.063	.0183	-0.108	0.798	4.54	4.20	.0179
-3.98	.157	.0175	-1.25		8.97	2.98	.0152
-2.97	.227	.0182	-1.41	.620	12.5	2.47	.0155
-1.96	.300	.0197	-1.58	.525	15.2	2.15	.0149
.06	.439	.0256	-1.89	.432	17.1	1.78	.0153
2.03	.593	.0354	-2.30	.388	16.8	1.53	.0167
4.09	.736	.0475	-2.62	.356	15.5	1.37	.0188
6.11	.878	.0619	-2.97	.340	14.2	1.26	.0210
8.13	1.011	.0750	-3.24	.324	13.0	1.18	.0237
10.15	1.137	.0970	-3.53	.314	11.7	1.11	.0253
12.16	1.252	.1178	-3.79	.308	10.6	1.05	.0345
14.17	1.350	.1396	-4.00	.302	9.67	1.01	.0429
16.18	1.387	.1638	-4.06	.300	8.47	1.00	.0617
18.17	1.370	.1973	-4.03	.306	6.94	1.01	.0977

G-436 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXIX

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 8 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_t}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.03	-0.270	0.0674	-0.021		-4.01		
-6.01	-0.034	.0341	-0.044		-2.73		0.0336
-5.00	-0.017	.0254			.67		.0254
-3.99	.066	.0223	.089		2.96	4.49	.0221
-2.98	.142	.0202	.079	0.760	7.03	3.06	.0191
-1.97	.211	.0196	.123	.680	10.8	2.51	.0172
.96	.280	.0207	.134	.492	13.5	2.18	.0165
.05	.348	.0229	.154	.438	15.2	1.95	.0165
2.06	.428	.0287	.157	.380	17.0	1.65	.0160
4.08	.538	.0358	.222	.250	16.4	1.44	.0171
6.10	.738	.0527	.257	.328	15.0	1.30	.0198
8.12	.924	.0687	.292	.322	13.5	1.20	.0233
10.14	1.059	.0879	.322	.316	12.1	1.12	.0234
12.15	1.177	.1067	.354	.310	10.8	1.08	.0352
14.17	1.296	.1300	.382	.302	9.97	1.01	.0409
16.17	1.325	.1580	.380	.296	8.38	1.00	.0643
18.16	1.285	.2018	.391	.314	6.38	1.02	.1136

N-9 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXX

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from reference 10 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_t}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.04	-0.318	0.0500	0.081		-6.36		
-6.02	-0.165	.0285	-0.013		-6.99		
-5.01	-0.081	.0188			-4.43		0.0179
-4.00	.008	.0160			.53		.0150
-2.99	.034	.0136	-0.083	0.588	6.91	3.47	.0181
-1.98	.167	.0137	.101	.604	12.2	2.60	.0123
.97	.245	.0142	.120	.496	17.3	2.14	.0110
.04	.320	.0160	.130	.422	20.0	1.88	.0106
2.06	.460	.0281	.156	.368	19.9	1.57	.0118
4.08	.603	.0342	.199	.326	17.8	1.36	.0145
6.10	.762	.0474	.224	.312	15.9	1.23	.0174
8.11	.895	.0632	.266	.298	14.2	1.12	.0207
10.13	1.011	.0827	.292	.292	12.3	1.06	.0264
12.14	1.107	.1047	.310	.288	10.6	1.01	.0396
14.14	1.124	.1528	.315	.256	8.46	1.00	.0657
16.14	1.094	.2265	.359	.328	4.83	1.02	.1629

N-10 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXI

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio 6.Test speed 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 10 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_0}$
-8.03	-0.200	0.0372	-0.010		-5.62		
-6.01	-0.047	0.0223	-0.034		-2.11		0.0222
-5.00	.081	0.0193	-0.060		1.61		0.0192
-3.99	.103	0.0179	-0.108		5.75	2.60	0.0173
-2.98	.173	0.0177	-0.122	0.700	9.77	2.69	0.0161
-1.97	.251	0.0191	-0.139	.654	18.1	2.24	0.0157
-0.96	.321	0.0204	-0.155	.480	16.7	1.98	0.0149
.05	.397	0.0232	-0.172	.432	17.1	1.78	0.0143
2.07	.545	0.0310	-0.206	.378	17.6	1.52	0.0152
4.09	.693	0.0422	-0.239	.346	16.4	1.35	0.0167
6.11	.833	0.0573	-0.275	.332	14.6	1.23	0.0202
8.12	.976	0.0729	-0.303	.316	13.4	1.18	0.0222
10.14	1.110	0.0901	-0.332	.304	12.8	1.07	0.0246
12.16	1.218	0.1117	-0.354	.298	10.9	1.02	0.0329
14.16	1.257	0.1347	-0.352	.292	9.32	1.00	0.0508
16.16	1.216	0.1679	-0.350	.288	7.24	1.02	0.0896

N-22-AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXII

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 12 corrected for tunnel-wall interference.

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_0}$
-10.04	-0.309	0.0745	-0.003		-4.15		
-8.02	-0.165	0.0865	-0.050		-4.52		
-7.01	-0.090	0.0235	-0.064		-8.88		0.0210
-6.00	-0.020	0.0210			-0.95		
-4.99	.053	0.0186			2.85		0.0184
-3.98	.125	0.0183	-0.105	0.912	6.83	3.32	0.0175
-2.97	.200	0.0194	-0.126	.654	10.3	2.63	0.0173
-1.96	.275	0.0207	-0.143	.638	13.3	2.24	0.0167
-0.96	.330	0.0219	-0.160	.472	15.1	2.03	0.0161
.05	.426	0.0261	-0.176	.426	17.0	1.80	0.0155
2.08	.591	0.0345	-0.217	.376	17.1	1.58	0.0159
4.09	.740	0.0462	-0.247	.348	16.0	1.37	0.0171
6.11	.880	0.0627	-0.275	.326	14.0	1.26	0.0216
8.12	1.024	0.0779	-0.304	.310	13.1	1.16	0.0221
10.14	1.152	0.0978	-0.334	.304	11.8	1.10	0.0273
12.16	1.267	0.1184	-0.357	.298	10.7	1.05	0.0381
14.17	1.347	0.1396	-0.368	.292	9.65	1.02	0.0433
16.18	1.384	0.1648	-0.369	.286	8.40	1.00	0.0631
18.18	1.241	0.2490			4.98		0.1672

N. A. C. A.-M6 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXIII

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_l$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 14, corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_0}$
-8.06	-0.438	0.0527	0.084		-8.31		
-6.04	-0.316	0.0284	.058		-11.1		
-4.02	-0.188	0.0193	0.034		-9.63		0.0175
-3.02	-0.122	0.0169	0.018		-7.22		0.0162
-2.01	-0.086	0.0155	.006		-8.61		0.0153
-1.00	.018	0.0188	-0.013	0.726	1.30		0.0138
.01	.108	0.0145	-0.038	.360	7.45	2.93	0.0139
1.03	.207	0.0170	-0.068	.324	12.2	2.11	0.0147
2.04	.296	0.0199	-0.091	.303	14.9	1.76	0.0162
4.06	.442	0.0269	-0.130	.294	16.4	1.44	0.0165
6.07	.577	0.0388	-0.164	.284	16.7	1.26	0.0191
8.09	.709	0.0463	-0.193	.274	16.1	1.14	0.0200
10.10	.821	0.0599	-0.213	.260	13.7	1.06	0.0241
12.12	.900	0.0738	-0.221	.248	12.2	1.01	0.0308
14.12	.922	0.0899	-0.216	.238	10.4	1.00	0.0438
16.12	.904	0.1163	-0.212	.238	7.77	1.01	0.0729

N. A. C. A.-M12 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXIV

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 13, corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_e}$
-8.06	-0.446	0.0419	0.086		-10.6		
-6.04	-0.317	.0263	.065		-12.5		
-4.02	-0.142	.0178	.057		-7.97		0.0167
-2.00	-0.060	.0160	-.007		-5.33		.0147
-0.99	-0.013	.0135			-0.96		.0136
0.02	.068	.0134	-.043	0.682	4.70	2.91	.0132
1.03	.147	.0141	-.063	.428	10.4	2.56	.0130
2.04	.241	.0163	-.090	.372	14.8	2.00	.0131
4.08	.325	.0201	-.116	.388	16.2	1.72	.0145
6.08	.466	.0277	-.152	.326	16.8	1.44	.0161
8.09	.591	.0360	-.180	.304	16.4	1.27	.0174
10.10	.710	.0476	-.203	.286	15.0	1.16	.0206
12.12	.817	.0601	-.222	.274	13.6	1.08	.0246
14.12	.909	.0782	-.236	.262	12.1	1.03	.0313
16.12	.960	.0931	-.244	.254	10.3	1.00	.0441
	.944	.1442	-.253	.268	6.54	1.01	.0869

R. A. F.-15 AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXV

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 9 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_e}$
-8.05	-0.406	0.0829			-4.90		
-6.03	-0.263	.0423	0.035		-6.21		
-4.02	-0.135	.0221	.006		-8.11		0.0211
-2.00	-0.064	.0181	-.013		-8.54		.0170
-0.99	-0.009	.0165	-.080		.55		.0165
0.02	.094	.0160	-.055	0.692	5.88	3.43	.0158
1.03	.181	.0156	-.077	.434	11.6	2.41	.0128
2.04	.260	.0185		.402	14.1	2.02	.0149
4.05	.335	.0217	-.124	.374	15.4	1.78	.0157
6.08	.477	.0285	-.156	.334	16.7	1.49	.0164
8.10	.614	.0372	-.184	.304	16.5	1.31	.0171
10.11	.752	.0504	-.214	.292	14.9	1.18	.0204
12.12	.865	.0668	-.238	.284	13.0	1.10	.0265
14.13	.971	.0885	-.262	.278	11.2	1.04	.0364
16.13	1.014	.1228	-.274	.278	8.19	1.02	.0691
18.13	1.054	.2120	-.334	.318	4.97	1.00	.1580
	1.043	.2580	-.372	.354	3.62	1.01	.2301

SLOANE AIRFOIL

TABLE XXXVI

W. N. Y. TEST

Airfoil size, 5X30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test  $V_t$ , 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 9 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$\frac{C_L}{C_D}$	Speed ratio $\frac{V}{V_s}$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_e}$
-8.05	-0.416	0.0801			-5.19		
-7.04	-0.340	.0631			-5.93		
-6.03	-0.265	.0451	0.031		-5.87		
-5.02	-0.192	.0314			-6.11		
-4.02	-0.119	.0209	-.010		-6.69		0.0201
-3.01	-0.050	.0163	-.029		-2.96		.0168
-2.00	-0.018	.0118	-.043		1.58		.0118
-0.99	.088	.0118	-.061	0.702	7.48	3.41	.0114
0.02	.164	.0126	-.082	.508	13.0	2.60	.0112
2.05	.344	.0149	-.133	.394	23.1	1.72	.0086
4.07	.505	.0201	-.171	.348	25.1	1.42	.0065
6.08	.639	.0345	-.207	.330	18.5	1.26	.0128
8.10	.762	.0530	-.231	.312	14.2	1.16	.0230
10.11	.853	.0811	-.260	.300	10.5	1.09	.0424
12.12	.957	.1344	-.285	.304	7.12	1.03	.0857
14.13	1.002	.2008	-.334	.335	4.99	1.01	.1474
16.13	1.019	.2621	-.372	.360	3.88	1.00	.2068
18.13	1.011	.3103	-.396	.380	3.26	1.00	.2580

TABLE XXXVII  
U. S. A.-27 AIRFOILAirfoil size, 5×30 inches.  
Aspect ratio, 6.Test speed, 40 M. P. H.  
Test VI, 24.44 sq. ft./sec.

Data from Reference 11 corrected for tunnel-wall interference

Angle of attack $\alpha$ degrees	Lift coefficient $C_L$	Drag coefficient $C_D$	Moment coefficient $C_M$	Center of pressure coefficient $C_p$	$C_L/C_D$	Speed ratio $V/V_\infty$	Profile drag coefficient $C_{D_p}$
-8.03	-0.217	0.0777	0.003		-2.79		
-7.02	-0.131	.0588	-0.036		-2.23		
-6.01	-0.046	.0440			-1.04		
-5.00	.030	.0286			1.01		0.0235
-4.99	.102	.0242	-0.113		4.22	3.67	0.0238
-2.98	.174	.0217	-0.127	0.728	8.02	2.82	0.0201
-1.97	.245	.0220	-0.143	.580	11.1	2.37	0.0188
-0.96	.316	.0232	-0.160	.500	13.6	2.09	0.0179
.05	.387	.0257	-0.178	.452	15.1	1.89	0.0177
2.07	.531	.0321	-0.211	.388	16.5	1.61	0.0171
4.09	.688	.0422	-0.249	.360	16.3	1.42	0.0170
6.11	.825	.0560	-0.281	.336	14.7	1.29	0.0168
8.12	.966	.0719	-0.311	.320	13.4	1.19	0.0162
10.14	1.086	.0896	-0.340	.310	12.1	1.13	0.0159
12.14	1.211	1.086	-0.366	.304	11.1	1.07	0.0158
14.16	1.289	1.311	-0.382	.298	9.83	1.03	0.0152
16.17	1.356	1.498	-0.391	.288	9.05	1.01	0.0152
18.17	1.378	1.789	-0.392	.284	7.70	1.00	
20.17	1.347	2.229	-0.512		6.04	1.01	0.1266

TABLE XXXVIII  
MAIN SLOPE OF LIFT CURVE,  $dC_L/d\alpha$ 

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$dC_L/d\alpha$
Göttingen tests.....	G-387	0.070
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-398	.069
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436	.069
L. M. A. L. tests.....	U. S. A.-27	.069
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y	.071
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	G-387	.071
M. L. T. tests.....	M-6	.072
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-12	.070
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	E. A. F.-15	.071
MoC. F. tests.....	U. S. A.-27	.072
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-35A	.070
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	U. S. A.-35B	.071
W. N. Y. tests.....	Clark Y	.072
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15	.071
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	G-387	.071
	G-436	.073
	E. A. F.-15	.075
	U. S. A.-27	.070
	U. S. A.-35A	.071
	U. S. A.-35B	.070
	Clark Y	.072
	Clark Y-15	.070
	G-398	.073
	Clark Y	.071
	G-387	.070
	G-398	.072
	G-436	.069
	M-6	.068
	M-12	.072
	N-6	.072
	N-10	.073
	N-22	.075
	E. A. F.-15	.073
	Sloane	.075
	U. S. A.-27	.071

TABLE XXXIX  
ANGLE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT FOR ZERO LIFT

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	Angle of attack for zero lift (degrees)	$C_M$ at zero $C_L$
Göttingen tests.	G-387	-7.3	-0.098
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398	-6.4	-0.091
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436	-5.2	-0.075
L. M. A. L. tests.	U. S. A.-27	-5.4	-0.083
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y	-5.1	-0.081
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	G-387	-6.8	-0.096
M. I. T. tests.	M-5	-0.2	0.10
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-12	-1.2	-0.035
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	R. A. F.-15	-2.2	-0.052
McC. F. tests.	U. S. A.-27	-4.6	-0.090
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-35A	-7.9	-0.119
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	U. S. A.-35B	-5.1	-0.072
W. N. Y. tests.	Clark Y	-6.6	-0.084
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15	-5.9	-0.079
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	G-387	-7.1	-0.082
L. M. A. L. tests.	G-398	-5.1	-0.071
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-436	-2.1	-0.023
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	R. A. F.-15	-5.3	-0.087
M. I. T. tests.	U. S. A.-27	-8.5	-0.120
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-35A	-3.9	-0.075
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	U. S. A.-35B	-6.2	-0.074
McC. F. tests.	Clark Y	-6.0	-0.073
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15	-6.8	-0.084
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	G-398	-5.6	-0.077
W. N. Y. tests.	Clark Y	-7.1	-0.101
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-387	-6.2	-0.089
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	G-398	-4.8	-0.070
M-5	M-6	-1.2	-0.009
M-12	M-12	-1.8	-0.028
N-9	N-9	-4.0	-0.059
N-10	N-10	-5.4	-0.049
N-22	N-22	-5.8	-0.062
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	-2.1	-0.030
Sloane	Sloane	-2.2	-0.042
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	-5.4	-0.084

TABLE XL  
CENTER OF PRESSURE CHARACTERISTICS

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_p$ most forward	$C_p$ at $\frac{V}{V_e} = 2.0$	$C_p$ at $\frac{V}{V_e} = 3.0$
Göttingen tests.	G-387	0.32	0.51	0.91
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398	.31	.51	.86
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436	.30	.47	.76
L. M. A. L. tests.	U. S. A.-27	.31	.51	.86
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y	.294	.463	.766
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	G-387	.301	.494	.889
M-5	M-6	.195	.148	
M-12	M-12	.246	.280	.280
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	.289	.400	.610
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	.293	.473	.792
U. S. A.-35A	U. S. A.-35A	.342	.628	1.132
U. S. A.-35B	U. S. A.-35B	.302	.425	.718
Clark Y	Clark Y	.303	.501	.805
Clark Y-15	Clark Y-15	.290	.478	.773
G-387	G-387	.310	.511	.889
G-436	G-436	.410	.602	.784
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	.285	.381	.558
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	.292	.495	.761
U. S. A.-35A	U. S. A.-35A	.330	.560	.943
U. S. A.-35B	U. S. A.-35B	.305	.483	.850
Clark Y	Clark Y	.300	.475	.793
Clark Y-15	Clark Y-15	.288	.428	.722
G-398	G-398	.307	.478	.769
Clark Y	Clark Y	.294	.490	.794
G-387	G-387	.306	.500	.845
G-398	G-398	.300	.484	.810
G-436	G-436	.296	.448	.739
M-5	M-5	.238	.318	.352
M-12	M-12	.254	.371	.497
N-9	N-9	.286	.449	.728
N-10	N-10	.288	.438	.801
N-22	N-22	.266	.461	.789
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	.278	.406	.808
Sloane	Sloane	.300	.421	.608
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	.286	.450	.792

TABLE XLI

MAXIMUM LIFT COEFFICIENT,  $C_{L_{max}}$ 

Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_{L_{max}}$	$\alpha$ for $C_{L_{max}}$ degrees
Göttingen tests.	G-387	1.362	16.5
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398	1.260	14.5
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	U. S. A.-27	1.253	15.5
L. M. A. L. tests.	G-436	1.204	14.6
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-27	1.386	18.7
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	U. S. A.-35B	1.377	16.0
M. I. T. tests.	Clark Y	1.370	16.0
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-387	1.329	14.6
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	M-12	1.283	18.6
McC. F. tests.	M-6	1.222	18.6
Aspect ratio, 6.	R. A. F.-15	1.211	18.7
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	U. S. A.-35A	1.208	18.5
W. N. Y. tests.	G-387	1.470	18.3
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-27	1.431	16.2
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	U. S. A.-35B	1.351	17.3
	Clark Y-16	1.301	14.6
	Clark Y	1.260	15.6
	G-436	1.239	14.4
	R. A. F.-15	1.204	18.0
	G-398	1.017	13.9
	Clark Y-15	1.408	14.5
	Clark Y	1.222	16.2
	G-388	1.250	18.8
	N-22	1.488	18.2
	U. S. A.-27	1.387	16.2
	G-436	1.384	16.2
	Clark Y	1.378	18.2
	N-10	1.325	15.9
	N-9	1.258	15.6
	R. A. F.-15	1.287	14.2
	Sloane	1.125	18.6
	M-12	1.053	16.4
	M-6	1.019	16.1
		.962	14.6
		.922	14.1

TABLE XLII

MINIMUM DRAG COEFFICIENT,  $C_{D_{min}}$ 

Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_{D_{min}}$	$\alpha$ for $C_{D_{min}}$ degrees
Göttingen tests.	G-436	0.0130	-4.0
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398	0.0150	-5.4
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	U. S. A.-27	0.0150	-3.0
L. M. A. L. tests.	G-387	0.0178	-5.0
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-6	0.0080	0.0
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	R. A. F.-15	0.0083	-1.5
M. I. T. tests.	M-12	0.0089	-1.5
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-35B	0.0093	-4.8
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	Clark Y	0.0106	-5.5
McC. F. tests.	U. S. A.-27	0.0116	-4.0
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-387	0.0126	-6.0
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	U. S. A.-35A	0.0142	-6.7
W. N. Y. tests.	R. A. F.-15	0.0123	-0.7
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y	0.0158	-3.5
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	G-436	0.0165	-3.0
	Clark Y-15	0.0168	-4.5
	U. S. A.-35B	0.0185	-2.7
	U. S. A.-27	0.0220	-1.0
	G-387	0.0227	-3.9
	U. S. A.-35A	0.0302	-8.6
	Clark Y-15	0.0333	-5.0
	Clark Y	0.0449	-4.5
	G-398	0.0562	-6.2
	Sloane	0.0118	-1.0
	M-12	0.0134	-1.5
	N-9	0.0185	-2.5
	R. A. F.-15	0.0188	-1.0
	G-398	0.0156	-0.7
	N-10	0.0175	-4.0
	N-22	0.0177	-3.5
	Clark Y	0.0183	-4.0
	G-436	0.0183	-4.0
	U. S. A.-27	0.0196	-2.0
	G-387	0.0217	-2.9
		0.0236	-4.0

TABLE XLIII  
MAXIMUM RATIO  $C_L/C_D$  AND LIFT COEFFICIENT AT MAXIMUM  $C_L/C_D$   
Airfoils listed according to maximum  $C_L/C_D$  merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	Maximum $C_L/C_D$	$\alpha$ for maximum $C_L/C_D$ degrees
Göttingen tests Aspect ratio, 5. Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436 U. S. A.-27 G-398 G-337 R. A. F.-15 M-6 Clark Y M-12 U. S. A.-27 U. S. A.-35B G-337 U. S. A.-35A Clark Y G-436 Clark Y-15 R. A. F.-15 U. S. A.-35B U. S. A.-27 G-337 U. S. A.-35A Clark Y Clark Y-15 G-338 Sloane N-9 N-10 N-22 Clark Y G-398 M-12 R. A. F.-15 G-436 U. S. A.-27 M-6 G-337	18.9 18.5 17.5 16.6 24.3 21.9 21.1 20.6 20.6 20.5 18.6 18.4 18.8 18.5 18.4 18.4 18.1 17.7 16.2 15.1 20.6 19.2 18.6 25.1 20.6 17.6 17.6 17.2 17.1 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.5 16.4 14.6	1.0 .8 0 0 3.2 4.4 .3 .8 1.7 .3 -1.3 -1.3 1.0 1.6 .5 2.5 1.5 2.0 1.5 .4 0 .5 0 2.8 1.0 1.7 1.0 1.8 .5 4.0 4.8 2.8 2.8 4.1 2.1
L. M. A. L. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.			
M. I. T. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.			
McC. F. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.			
W. N. Y. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.			

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_L$ at maximum $C_L/C_D$	C <sub>L</sub> at max. $C_L/C_D$
			$C_L$ at max. $C_L/C_D$
Göttingen tests Aspect ratio, 5. Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436 U. S. A.-27 G-398 G-337 R. A. F.-15 M-6 Clark Y M-12 U. S. A.-27 U. S. A.-35B G-337 U. S. A.-35A Clark Y G-436 Clark Y-15 R. A. F.-15 U. S. A.-35B U. S. A.-27 G-337 U. S. A.-35A Clark Y Clark Y-15 G-338 Sloane N-9 N-10 N-22 Clark Y G-398 M-12 R. A. F.-15 G-436 U. S. A.-27 M-6 G-337	0.430 .410 .418 .428 .437 .401 .330 .391 .439 .440 .440 .390 .390 .470 .462 .478 .446 .370 .495 .520 .610 .628 .510 .470 .470 .492 .389 .515 .498 .581 .471 .457 .528 .500 .583 .445 .539	0.885 .827 .855 .858 .831 .270 .286 .348 .318 .284 .204 .389 .373 .396 .353 .364 .370 .335 .426 .427 .408 .385 .334 .473 .345 .410 .380 .422 .340 .475 .501 .378 .423 .493 .429
L. M. A. L. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.			
M. I. T. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.			
McC. F. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.			
W. N. Y. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.			

TABLE XLIV  
RATIO  $C_L/C_D$  FOR VARIOUS FRACTIONS OF MAXIMUM  $C_L$ .

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_L/C_D$ at—	
		$\frac{1}{4}$ maximum $C_L$	$\frac{1}{2}$ maximum $C_L$
Göttingen tests.....	G-387.....	13.6	15.6
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398.....	14.1	16.6
Approximate Reynolds Number 412,000.	G-436.....	14.6	17.8
L. M. A. L. tests.....	U. S. A.-27.....	14.2	16.7
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y.....	14.8	18.7
Approximate Reynolds Number 3,600,000.	G-387.....	14.0	16.0
	M-6.....	15.0	17.8
	M-12.....	14.6	17.4
	R. A. F.-15.....	16.7	20.9
	U. S. A.-27.....	14.8	17.8
	U. S. A.-35A.....	15.4	17.8
	U. S. A.-35B.....	14.2	17.0
M. I. T. tests.....	Clark Y.....	15.2	18.0
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15.....	14.8	17.5
Approximate Reynolds Number 187,000.	G-387.....	14.0	15.8
	G-436.....	15.6	17.8
	R. A. F.-15.....	16.6	18.0
	U. S. A.-27.....	14.5	17.1
	U. S. A.-35A.....	13.8	15.0
	U. S. A.-35B.....	15.8	17.4
McC. C. F. tests.....	Clark Y.....	16.9	19.0
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15.....	15.0	17.5
Approximate Reynolds Number 374,000.	G-398.....	14.4	17.7
W. N. Y. tests.....	Clark Y.....	14.7	16.9
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-387.....	12.4	14.3
Approximate Reynolds Number 156,000.	G-398.....	13.7	15.9
	G-436.....	14.0	16.0
	N-9.....	15.9	18.4
	N-10.....	14.6	17.0
	N-22.....	14.1	16.4
	M-6.....	15.4	16.8
	M-12.....	16.1	16.8
	R. A. F.-15.....	15.6	16.8
	Sloane.....	16.9	20.0
	U. S. A.-27.....	13.8	16.2
Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_L/C_D$ at—	
		$\frac{1}{4}$ maximum $C_L$	$\frac{1}{2}$ maximum $C_L$
Göttingen tests.....	G-387.....	15.5	12.2
Aspect ratio 5.	G-398.....	16.1	12.8
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436.....	17.4	13.9
L. M. A. L. tests.....	U. S. A.-27.....	17.2	13.7
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y.....	20.6	17.8
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	G-387.....	17.9	14.5
	M-6.....	21.8	19.0
	M-12.....	19.6	17.2
	R. A. F.-15.....	23.4	20.6
	U. S. A.-27.....	20.0	18.8
	U. S. A.-35A.....	16.7	12.3
	U. S. A.-35B.....	20.2	17.6
M. I. T. tests.....	Clark Y.....	17.2	13.4
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15.....	16.6	12.2
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	G-387.....	13.8	10.2
	G-436.....	15.9	11.9
	R. A. F.-15.....	17.4	13.3
	U. S. A.-27.....	15.2	9.5
	U. S. A.-35A.....	12.5	5.8
	U. S. A.-35B.....	16.0	12.0
Mc. C. F. tests.....	Clark Y.....	17.8	13.1
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15.....	18.1	14.6
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	G-398.....	17.5	14.0
W. N. Y. tests.....	Clark Y.....	14.8	11.2
Aspect ratio, 6.	G-387.....	13.0	10.2
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	G-398.....	16.8	12.6
	G-436.....	14.9	11.2
	N-9.....	19.0	13.0
	N-10.....	15.4	11.3
	N-22.....	15.2	11.7
	M-6.....	13.1	10.1
	M-12.....	14.9	11.1
	R. A. F.-15.....	14.2	11.6
	Sloane.....	20.1	14.2
	U. S. A.-27.....	14.4	10.6

TABLE XLV  
RATIO OF MAXIMUM  $C_L$  TO MINIMUM  $C_D$   
Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$\frac{C_{L_{max}}}{C_{D_{min}}}$
Göttingen tests Aspect ratio, 5. Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436 G-398 U. S. A.-27 G-387 M-6 U. S. A.-35B R. A. F.-15 M-12 Clark Y U. S. A.-27 G-387 U. S. A.-35A R. A. F.-15 Clark Y-15 Clark Y-15 G-436 U. S. A.-35B U. S. A.-27 G-387 U. S. A.-35A Clark Y-15 G-398 Clark Y Sloane N-9 G-398 N-22 M-12 N-10 Clark Y G-436 R. A. F. 15 M-6 U. S. A.-27 G-387	92.5 84.0 83.5 76.5 153 148 146 145 129 120 106 85.1 82.7 80.9 75.0 73.0 70.3 61.4 60.4 48.7 99.4 92.5 83.9 86.3 83.3 79.1 75.6 71.8 71.0 68.7 67.6 67.5 66.8 63.5 63.0
L. M. A. L. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.		
M. I. T. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.		
McC. F. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.		
W. N. Y. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.		

TABLE XLVI  
MAXIMUM RATIO OF  $C_L^2$  TO  $C_D^2$   
Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$(C_L^2/C_D^2)_{max}$
Göttingen tests Aspect ratio, 5. Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436 U. S. A.-27 G-387 G-398 R. A. F.-15 Clark Y U. S. A.-27 M-6 M-12 U. S. A.-35A U. S. A.-35B G-387 U. S. A.-35B Clark Y U. S. A.-27 G-436 Clark Y-15 R. A. F.-15 G-387 U. S. A.-35A G-398 Clark Y Sloane N-9 N-10 G-398 N-22 M-12 N-10 Clark Y G-436 R. A. F. 15 M-6 U. S. A.-27 G-387	189 188 180 174 265 227 229 204 202 202 197 179 215 203 203 202 201 193 188 181 227 226 204 826 194 190 188 185 183 181 176 171 166 162 162
L. M. A. L. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.		
M. I. T. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.		
McC. F. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.		
W. N. Y. tests Aspect ratio, 6. Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.		

TABLE XLVII

RATIO OF MAXIMUM  $C_L^4$  TO MINIMUM  $C_D^4$ 

Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$\frac{C_L^4}{C_D^4}_{\text{max}}$
Göttingen tests.....	G-436.....	10,300
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-398.....	8,890
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	U. S. A.-27.....	8,734
	G-387.....	7,970
L. M. A. L. tests.....	U. S. A.-35B.....	30,200
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-6.....	28,500
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	M-12.....	27,300
	R. A. F.-15.....	25,800
	Clark Y.....	22,000
	U. S. A.-27.....	19,800
	G-387.....	14,800
M. I. T. tests.....	U. S. A.-35A.....	8,750
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y.....	8,100
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	Clark Y-15.....	7,090
	R. A. F.-15.....	6,960
	U. S. A.-35B.....	6,430
	G-436.....	6,410
	G-387.....	5,220
	U. S. A.-27.....	5,090
	U. S. A.-35A.....	5,490
	Clark Y-15.....	5,100
McC. F. tests.....	G-398.....	12,000
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y.....	8,800
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	G-398.....	8,680
W. N. Y. tests.....	N-22.....	7,910
Aspect ratio, 6.	N-9.....	7,800
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	Sloane.....	7,580
	N-10.....	6,320
	G-436.....	6,050
	Clark Y.....	5,930
	G-387.....	5,000
	U. S. A.-27.....	5,550
	M-12.....	4,900
	R. A. F.-15.....	4,800
	M-6.....	4,110

TABLE XLVIII

MINIMUM PROFILE DRAG COEFFICIENT  $C_{D_0}$  (FAIRED)

Airfoils listed according to merit

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_{D_0 \text{ max}}$
Göttingen tests.....	G-436.....	0.0104
Aspect ratio, 5.	U. S. A.-27.....	.0116
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-398.....	.0124
	G-387.....	.0147
L. M. A. L. tests.....	R. A. F.-15.....	.0076
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-6.....	.0083
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	M-12.....	.0089
	U. S. A.-35B.....	.0091
	Clark Y.....	.0105
	U. S. A.-27.....	.0108
	G-387.....	.0123
M. I. T. tests.....	U. S. A.-35A.....	.0132
Aspect ratio, 6.	R. A. F.-15.....	.0116
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	Clark Y.....	.0127
	Clark Y-15.....	.0132
	G-436.....	.0137
	U. S. A.-35B.....	.0142
	U. S. A.-27.....	.0147
	G-387.....	.0176
	U. S. A.-35A.....	.0204
	Clark Y.....	.0113
	Clark Y-15.....	.0124
McC. F. tests.....	G-398.....	.0131
Aspect ratio, 6.	Sloane.....	.0076
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	N-9.....	.0106
W. N. Y. tests.....	M-12.....	.0130
Aspect ratio, 6.	M-6.....	.0133
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	R. A. F.-15.....	.0145
	G-398.....	.0148
	N-10.....	.0148
	N-22.....	.0156
	Clark Y.....	.0158
	G-436.....	.0160
	U. S. A.-27.....	.0170
	G-387.....	.0207

TABLE XLIX  
FAIRED RATIO  $C_{D_f}/C_{L_{max}}$  FOR VARIOUS SPEED RATIOS

Laboratory and test conditions	Airfoil section	$C_{D_f}/C_{L_{max}}$ (faired) at—		
		$V/V_s = 1.10$	$V/V_s = 1.50$	$V/V_s = 2.50$
Göttingen tests.	G-337	0.0140	0.0101	0.0112
Aspect ratio, 5.	G-338	.0140	.0099	.0106
Approximate Reynolds Number, 412,000.	G-436	.0130	.0088	.0098
L. M. A. L. tests.	U. S. A.-27	.0147	.0093	.0102
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y	.0171	.0088	.0077
Approximate Reynolds Number, 3,600,000.	G-337	.0217	.0121	.0094
M-6	M-6	.0212	.0101	.0070
M-12	M-12	.0206	.0104	.0071
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	.0149	.0073	.0063
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	.0164	.0067	.0078
U. S. A.-35A	U. S. A.-35A	.0199	.0117	.0109
U. S. A.-35B	U. S. A.-35B	.0211	.0101	.0072
M. I. T. tests.	Clark Y	.0208	.0107	.0108
Aspect ratio, 6.	Clark Y-15	.0210	.0110	.0117
Approximate Reynolds Number, 187,000.	G-337	.0150	.0128	.0157
McC. F. tests.	G-436	.0177	.0116	.0123
Aspect ratio, 6.	R. A. F.-15	.0195	.0130	.0114
Approximate Reynolds Number, 374,000.	U. S. A.-27	.0193	.0108	.0188
W. N. Y. tests.	U. S. A.-35A	.0188	.0139	.0207
Aspect ratio, 6.	U. S. A.-35B	.0145	.0109	.0122
Approximate Reynolds Number, 156,000.	Clark Y	.0155	.0092	.0102
Clark Y-15	Clark Y-15	.0181	.0103	.0094
G-338	G-338	.0168	.0094	.0101
Clark Y	Clark Y	.0209	.0127	.0131
G-337	G-337	.0235	.0160	.0142
G-338	G-338	.0210	.0128	.0110
G-436	G-436	.0232	.0125	.0132
N-9	N-9	.0201	.0110	.0108
N-10	N-10	.0136	.0123	.0125
N-22	N-22	.0196	.0117	.0120
M-6	M-6	.0242	.0177	.0152
M-12	M-12	.0234	.0157	.0138
R. A. F.-15	R. A. F.-15	.0256	.0164	.0137
Sloane	Sloane	.0333	.0075	.0096
U. S. A.-27	U. S. A.-27	.0214	.0123	.0138

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